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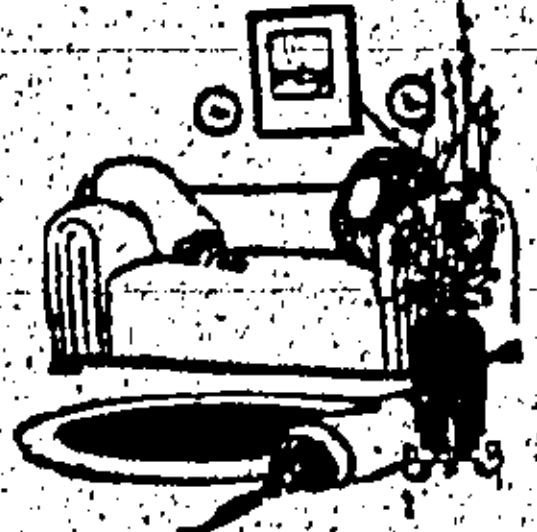
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- 6.—Cold Bologna Sausage,
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- 7.—Roast Potatoes
- 8.—Fried Potatoes
- 9.—Hashed Brown
- 10.—Cabbage
- 11.—Cream Puffed
- 12.—Fruit 13.—Tea 14.—Coffee

HUNTING BY CAR AND PLANE.

FRENCH CRITICISM OF EXCITING SPORT.

AERIAL RAIDS ON KILLER-PORPOISES.

(UNITED PRESS.)

French Nimrods who go a-hunting with hypocritically glaring automobile headlights, and pursue their fleet winged prey with the fleet aeroplane and the whirling devastation of its propeller may soon run foul of the law in their ultra-modern enactment of the chase.

The tribunal of Saint Brieuc, in Brittany, has just condemned a Breton merchant and his friends for having used the headlights of their automobiles to massacre at midnight all manner of small game fascinated by the gleaming shafts of light. No penalty was exacted by the court, but the nocturnal hunters were roundly censured by the judge for their unsportsman-like tactics.

The stand of the Breton tribunal has excited criticism and comment among Parisian merchants, many of whom regularly desert their shops during the hunting season, to stalk game by night with the aid of powerful automobile spotlights. Their prey, usually the rabbit, the squirrel, and occasionally the wild boar, are attracted irresistibly into the glare of the light. There they seem to become virtually hypnotized, and, without the mad abandon of the moth which invariably hurls itself to death against a glowing lamp, they lose all sense of defense or direction, presenting an easy target to the hunter.

Realizing that such suicidal propensities exist in birds as well as insects, the Council-General of Calvados, in Normandy, proposed in 1926 measures to prevent the destruction of migratory birds by maritime light-houses. The blinding glare of the great light-stations on the French coast frequently attracted large flocks of these wanderers by night, many of which flew headlong to their death against the thick plate glass of the powerful lamps, or fell victims to the light-house guards.

A Sporting Chance.

Various Parisian critics of existent hunting codes are of the opinion

that the chase on horseback is not less cruel than that in the automobile in broad daylight. If the makers of the hunting laws were sincere in their desire to give wild game a sporting chance, say these critics, man would long ago have been constrained to hunt on foot, with his dog left tied in his kennel. Only then, they contend, would wild life be on an equal basis with its enemies.

One phase of the latter-day hunt has been the subject of considerable discussion in the Parisian press. Keen, if intermittent, interest in the hunt by airplane, has led to varied criticisms of this exciting pastime. War veterans recall that this sport was practiced with great zest by several of the famous French war aces. Jean Navarre, one of France's earliest military fliers, is mentioned as having once tried to duplicate the right-angle turn of a bird in flight in the top-heavy and rickety "parasol" type of airplane. This dangerous manoeuvre in the infant stage of aviation resulted in the smash-up of Navarre's machine, although the playful pilot himself escaped unhurt.

The experience of Marcel Doret, in an aviation training school at Chartres in 1918, was also recalled. This war pilot amused himself during his leisure hours as an instructor by rigging up a sort of wire "chicken coop" on the radiator of his airplane, and succeeded in scaring up numerous coveys of partridges by intrepid "ground-flying," and impaling them on the front of his fuselage by the force of suction created by his whirling propeller.

Condemned in England.

Several countries have recently gone on record as opposing the use of the airplane for the hunt. In England, opinion is expressed that this practice is contrary to all sporting ethics because of the crushing superiority it gives to man over defenseless animals. On the other hand, an English Colonel remarked not long ago that, during the epidemic of cholera at Bagdad, the populace was highly contented to be able

to procure fresh meat by hunting the desert antelope with the aid of the airplane.

Moreover, say those favourable to aviation as an accessory to the hunt, the airplane has immeasurably benefited the trapper whose workshop is a vast province, and whose domain can now be traversed in a few hours instead of requiring several months of hardship on snowshoes and dog-sleds. They are able as a result of this enormous saving of time to lay their traps in over immense areas, and the consequent increase of their earnings is tremendous. It has been pointed out, too, that in the northern fringes of Newfoundland, well above the 50th degree of latitude, aeroplanes are an important factor in the highly lucrative seal-hunting.

Aviation and hunting fans as well have referred to the well-known manner of hunting the "beluga," a species of killer-porpoise, by means of the airplane at Sables-d'Olonne, in Brittany. The "belugas" voracious devourers of smaller fish, travel at a speed of almost forty-five miles per hour, and can easily outdistance the fastest of the fishing vessels, whose crews have long watched in despair the depredations of these speedy killers in the ranks of their own prey which furnish them with a livelihood. Hunting the "beluga" with the airplane first took place when the French pilot, Cassigneul, swooped over a rollicking school, and created havoc with a specially constructed harpoon-gun. Breton fishermen are now considering the hire of commercial pilots, with planes loaded with hand grenades and equipped with machine guns.

Evidently, conclude the partisans of aerial hunting, certain phases of this innovation deserve more favourable legislative treatment than the rigours of an unwritten code demand. Can one reproach Thoret, they exclaim, for having pursued an eagle, or complain that Pierre Weiss, dashing commandant at Le Bourget, should not disperse dark clouds of cawing crows whose raucous shrieks set a whole community's nerves on edge?

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(May 6)

Queen's Theatre: "One Hysterical Night."
World Theatre: "Masked Emotions."
Star Theatre: "Hello Cheyenne."
Majestic Theatre: "Convoy."
Tea Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 5 p.m.
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8 p.m.
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Angers), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Siberia (General Metzinger), 2 p.m.

Wednesday.

(May 7)

Queen's Theatre: "Condemned."
World Theatre: "Midnight Rose."
Star Theatre: "Frisco Sally Levy."
Majestic Theatre: "Convoy."
Co. Annual Meeting at H.K. Hotel, 11.30 a.m.
H.K. Tramways, Extraordinary General Meeting, Messrs. Jardine Matheson's Board-Room, noon.
Tea Dance: H.K. Hotel, 5 p.m.
Dinner Dance: H.K. Hotel, 8 p.m.

Thursday.

(May 8)

Annual Meeting, Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Jardine Matheson's Boardroom, 5.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Condemned."
World Theatre: "Big City" (Chinese film, "Feng Yang Tiger" at 2.30 p.m. and 7.15 p.m.).
Star Theatre: "Love."

Friday.

(May 9)

Reception at City Hall to H.E. Sir William Peel.
Official Welcome and Presentation of address to H.E. Sir William Peel, K.B.E., at Theatre Royal.
Queen's Theatre: "Condemned."
World Theatre: "Big City" (Chinese film, "Feng Yang Tiger" at 2.30 p.m. and 7.15 p.m.).
Star Theatre: "Love."
Kowloon Cricket Club, Extraordinary General Meeting, 6 p.m.
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Suez (Khiva).

Saturday.

(May 10)

St. Paul's Institution opens new chapel at Causeway Bay, 3.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Condemned."
World Theatre: "Big City" (Chinese film, "Feng Yang Tiger" at 2.30 p.m. and 7.15 p.m.).
Star Theatre: "Love."
Tennis:—"A" Div. H.K.C.C. v. C.R.C., S.C.A.A. v. I.R.C., M.B.K. v. K.C.C., "B" Div. C.R.C. v. Nippon, H.K.C.C. v. C.S.C.C., U.S.R.C. v. University, English Y.M.C.A. v. I.R.C., K.C.C. v. C.C.C., "C" Div. C.S.C.C. v. H.K.C.C., German Club v. Filipino Club, Kowloon C.C. v. C.I.R.C., Revere v. I.R.C., University v. K.I.T.O.
Lawn Bowls:—"Div. I. Taikoo R.C. v. Police R.C.; Kowloon C.C. v. Kowloon B.C.C.; Civil R.C. v. Club de Recreo; Div. II. Taikoo R.C. v. Royal H.K.Y.C.; Grainger v. C.C. v. Kowloon C.C. Club de Recreo v. Civil Service Club; Kowloon B.C.C. v. H.K. Electric R.C.; Tea Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 5 p.m.; Dinner Dance: Repulse Bay Hotel, 8 p.m.; European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Siberia (Khiva) 10 a.m.

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This is the seventh Free Gift Home which has been offered in our "Seaside" scheme. The home offered last year was won by Mr. J. Bowdler, 715, Hainault Road, 1, September, 1929, and the previous Free Gift Seaside Home was won by Mr. J. McLean, 15, Victoria Chambers, Liverpool, 1st October, 1928.
Salisbury and the allied Eastern stretch along the South Coast of England for almost two miles, and is acknowledged to be the greatest seaside town planning and land development enterprise ever undertaken in a little over seven years. The area has brought a thriving resort, with more than 2,000 residents. Salisburies are rapidly being taken into the Westward class of Brighton, and its growth and development will, it is believed, proceed in an unprecedented way during 1930.
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Interested In Wireless?

Then look for some interesting news in the "Daily Press" next Thursday.

SUBURBAN HEIGHTS—WIPING DISHES

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



SATAN GETS A REST.

NO BOUT WITH SISTER AIMEE.
"HOT GOSPEL" HUSTLE TO HOLY LAND.

"I suppose you will be disappointed, but I have not come to Europe this time to have a bout with Satan."

Thus spoke Mrs. Aimee McPherson, the "Four-Square Cospeller," and pastor of the Angeles Temple of Los Angeles, smilingly apologising when she arrived at Cherbourg in the liner George Washington last month.

"I did give the old rascal a good smack every time he raised his horny head," she added. "I hope I landed some jarring ones in England some two years ago. But even the humble handmaiden in the vineyards is becoming a bit weary of the struggle. This voyage is only for inspiration and repose, but if Beelzebub tries any of his tricks I will put on my fighting clothes and go right after him."

Sister McPherson, who is making a hectic journey with sixty-six of her Angeles Temple flock to spend Easter in Jerusalem, has the same flaming blonde hair and sparkling grey eyes, and the same flowing tirades against sin as ever.

A Trim Figure.

She wore a smart green costume that set off her trim figure to perfection, and a green hat that would have done honour to the Rue de la Paix.

There was just a suspicion of rouge on her lips, but Sister McPherson told me that the high colour was really due to the salt air.

"We had a very uneventful voyage, except that a young man asked me to dance with him one night," the evangelist confided, when I asked if she had found any excitement on the Atlantic. "I see no harm in a woman dancing in a pure atmosphere, and especially if she has serious things in her mind. But I had to refuse."

"I must also say that the good or evil of dancing depends on the kind of music. Pagan, jazz, and soft-waltzes stir different instincts. There is surely such a thing as holy dancing."

"I felt that my party of pilgrims might misunderstand my motive, however, and so I did not dance; but it was a beautiful night."

I asked Sister McPherson if she would stop in Paris on her way home to buy herself a few of the new fashions, as clothes are notoriously one of her few weaknesses.

"If I did intend to I would not tell you," she smiled. "I am not going to fall into the devil's trap if I can help it, but a woman must have clothes."

STRAY CAT SHOOTS FARMER.

Howard Atkins, a prominent farmer of Warkworth, Ontario, has been shot by a stray cat.

The cat, which was a white and black tabby, was seen on the farm on Monday night, and was shot by a farmer. The cat was then taken to a Toronto hospital.

WHO INVENTED THAT DOUBLE COLLAR?

LOST CLAIM FOR SIR GEORGE ALEXANDER.
LONDON OUTFITTER.

It is difficult to write history. It is hard to discover the truth about great events. How much harder to find out for certain who invented the double collar for men, and when it came into general wear?

In Sir Nigel Playfair's book of recollections, he writes of a visit to Ascot about 1894 or 1895 with Sir George Alexander.

On that occasion Alexander wore, Sir Nigel says, "the first example of that double collar which is now so universal, and of which, unless evidence to the contrary is brought, I believe him to have been the inventor."

That is a belief held by many. But there is nothing in it. It is true that Alexander, who was as well dressed always off the stage as he was on it, became one of the first wearers of this collar, but he had no hand in designing it.

The Man Who Did.

The man who did so is Mr. G. D. Brown, who is still to be found in Drew's shop, at the entrance to Burlington Arcade, and who has been consulted by two generations of fashionable men.

Thirty-nine years ago, a shirt reached Drew's from America with a collar on the fold-over principle, instead of the usual tennis collar. Mr. Brown thought it might be equally smart in starched form. So he got the shirtmaker to make him some detachable collars of this shape, and wore them.

Customers noticed and asked about them. More were made and sold. They were known in the shop as "Mr. Brown's collars."

An Early Wearer.

Alexander was one of their early wearers.

"He used to deal regularly with us," Mr. Brown said, "and I used to supply him with those little bow ties he made popular."

But it was some years before the double collar came into general use.

How many years the office of "Men's Wear" was not prepared to supply him with those little bow ties he made popular.

One attempt, by the way, to introduce a change of this nature was made as early as 1890, when a patent was taken out for a double collar which was an utter frost.

If Mr. Brown had got protection for the soft collar which, was first made in their shop, a large profit would have been made.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

GOVERNOR'S WIFE AS BURGLAR.

ROBBERIES STAGED AT OWN HOUSE.
"MASKED FACE."

A dramatic confession by the wife of Dr. Momm, Governor of the Potsdam district, Berlin, has led to his resignation.

After cross-examination by Berlin detectives she confessed that burglaries which had recently taken place at her house were committed by herself.

In 1927 Frau Momm informed the insurance company that household linen had been stolen from the official residence, and obtained nearly £10 as compensation.

In June last she again reported to the insurance company that other articles had been stolen, and received £25. Last December the woman informed the insurance company that valuable silver ornaments, candlesticks, &c., had been stolen from her house and received £235.

Face at Panel.

On March 10 Frau Momm reported a fresh robbery, but her story was so strange that suspicion was aroused.

She declared that she had taken a strong sleeping draught owing to her shattered nerves, but had nevertheless been awakened in the middle of the night by a noise.

She was startled to see a masked face framed where a panel of her bedroom door had been taken out.

She discovered the said, that £100, belonging to a charitable fund, had disappeared.

The police found that 30 holes had been bored round the sides of the door panel, which had been sawn out. They calculated that the operation must have occupied at least an hour and a half, and must have made considerable noise.

Later, Berlin detectives found the greater part of the valuable silver buried in the cellar of Dr. Momm's official residence, and discovered that the loot had been bought by dealers.

Dr. Momm was informed, and spoke to his wife who made a full confession.

Frau Momm, who is known as a fanatically religious woman, faintly when she finished her confession.

Dr. Momm returned to the insurance company all the money paid to his wife, and has handed in his resignation to the Government.

His position corresponds almost to that of a Lord-Lieutenant of an English county, though more actual power attaches to it.

It has not yet been decided if any action will be taken against Frau Momm.

LAW ENFORCEMENT IN AMERICA.

PRESIDENT HOOVER'S MESSAGE.

ASKS FOR MORE LEGISLATION ON SUBJECT.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Washington, April 28.—President Hoover's belief in the urgent necessity for enactment of law-enforcement legislation caused him to send a message to Congress to-day, emphatically urging that there be speedy attention to the matter of such legislation.

The message was sent to both Houses of Congress, but the President did not appear in person.

In the course of this message, Mr. Hoover reviewed his former messages in which he had recommended transfer of prohibition enforcement from jurisdiction of the Treasury Department to that of the Department of Justice, as well as the extension of federal prisons.

The President declared that passage of such legislation was most necessary.

"In urging this," he said, "I am performing the high duty which falls upon the Executive in the enforcement of the federal laws."

Reference was made to the present congestion of the courts, and also to recent recommendations of Mr. William D. Mitchell, U.S. Attorney-General, that there be an adequate machinery for prohibition enforcement.

Mr. Hoover declared that law enforcement in the United States, and also judicial organization, had fallen below "the standards that must be secured."

The President also said that the personnel for enforcement of the federal laws needed to be improved, within limitations of the existing laws.

Approval Rescinded.

LATER. On the basis of fresh information the Senate Judiciary Committee to-day rescinded its earlier approval of the proposal to transfer the enforcement of the national prohibition law from the hands of the Treasury Department to those of the Department of Justice.

This action was taken because it had been found that according to the present reading of the bill, the civil service status of present employees might be jeopardized. The bill will be "rewritten to eliminate this objectionable feature."

DO PLANTS HAVE MORALS?

BLAMELESS LIFE OF DANDELIONS.

The ordinary, everyday dandelion (so called from the resemblance of its leaves to the tooth of a lion—"dent du lion") is the "most moral creature of plant life," in the opinion of Professor John Davidson, of the department of botany at the University of British Columbia.

The professor declares that the dandelion is the most highly developed member of the plant kingdom and occupies the relative position of man in the animal kingdom.

One-tenth of the plants of the world, he states, belong to the dandelion family, which is notable for its hard-working qualities and the harmony existing between its component parts.

"Orchids are the idle rich of the flower kingdom," says Professor Davidson. "They derive sustenance from decaying organic matter instead of manufacturing their own food from the soil."

Parasitic Weadings.

Broom, on the other hand, represents the "underworld" of plant life, roots and leaves being reduced to functional structures. Many garden plants also have become degenerate that they are dependent on man to reproduce the species by means of cuttings.

"Certain plants, again, become so degenerate that the elastic walls within their stems, provided to keep them up-right, are allowed to perish, so that they become parasitic weaklings and finally descend to crime."

"Have plants morals?" asks Professor Davidson.

"Of course they do. The ivy's morals are very questionable. The biggest and strongest trees will die in the grip of ivy."

"The dodder, however, is the assassin of the plant world, and should it fail to find a victim it sends out a shoot near by, it will gradually sink its suckers into the food factory of the plant and sustain itself while the victim perishes."



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SIX OR EIGHT?
THE IDEAL FAMILY.

A suggestion that the ideal number of children in a family is six or eight was expressed by Dr. W. Moodie, director of the Child Guidance Clinic, in London.

He was lecturing to the National Council for Mental Hygiene.

Dr. Moodie said he believed that, within limits, the larger the family the better.

Family environment was an important thing. The nearer the parents were in age to the child, comparatively speaking, the better, and if the parents were not near to the child in age, there must be other children to balance things.

Those Only Ones.

Dealing with the problem of the only child, Dr. Moodie said: "I have seen a number of parents who have purposely ill-treated their only child, because they had been told by so many people that they must not spoil the child. When told that the child could be spoiled a little, the situation was considerably eased."

Fairy and imaginary stories did no harm to children, so long as they were not about giants and goblins, which came out in dreams.

A GRETNA GREEN MARRIAGE.**JUDGE'S DECISION ON £40,000 TRUST FUND.****HANDS CLASPED OVER ANVIL.**

Mr. Justice Maugham, in the Chancery Division last month, held that a Gretna Green marriage—none of the parties had resided in Scotland 21 days before the ceremony—was not valid. He said that it was an idle form of marriage.

It was stated that the man and woman held hands over the anvil in a blacksmith's shop. The man put a ring on the woman's finger and the blacksmith pronounced them man and wife. Two witnesses were present.

The woman had a "substantial" fortune, and it was difficulties arising out of this "marriage" that were considered by the court.

The plaintiff, who sued under the name of Helen Setton-Toms, asked for an order that Mr. Hugh William Stirling, Mr. Cecil Davis Jackman, and Mr. Julian Campbell, the trustees of a settlement, should transfer the trust funds to her, on the ground that, in the circumstances, she was absolutely entitled to them.

First Marriage.

Sir Thomas Hughes, K.C., for the plaintiff, said that the trustees were not hostile, but as the circumstances were rather curious they very properly said they were not prepared to transfer without an order of the court.

The plaintiff was formerly a Miss Helen Betts, and on January 6, 1923, she married Mr. Derek Setton-Toms.

The woman had a very substantial fortune, which was settled the day before the marriage, the trust fund being something like £40,000 in value. The defendants were the trustees of that settlement.

The marriage was not a fortunate one, and on March 14, 1928, there was a decree nisi, which on October 3, 1928, was made absolute.

There were no children, and on November 23, 1929, the woman executed an appointment of the trust funds to herself. So far it was perfectly plain that she had become entitled under the appointment.

Two Ceremonies.

The difficulty had arisen because on September 23, 1929, the woman left London with her present husband by car for Gretna Green, where they went through what was sometimes called a ceremony of marriage.

If that was a valid marriage she had no power of appointment, as the marriage took place before she executed the appointment.

She had been regularly married since to the same gentleman, Mr. Eric Mansfield Cairns, on January 22 of this year.

Mr. Justice Maugham: She apparently did not take the name of Cairns when she executed the appointment.

Sir Thomas Hughes: I think that she had been advised that the Gretna Green ceremony had no effect.

Sir Thomas Hughes said that what happened concerning the Gretna Green ceremony was rather curious.

The couple left London by car on September 23, arrived at Gretna Green on the 29th, and went immediately to the blacksmith's shop.

"Counsel said he thought it would be difficult to justify what took place there. Apparently the woman described herself as Helen Betts, which was her maiden name.

The judge: That was right.

Sir Thomas: Yes; but what follows was not of the parish of Dornoch in Sutherlandshire.

It was ten years ago that she stayed there. Mr. Cairns was described as of Shortlands, Kent, and the certificate was signed "Richard Rennie, priest."

Picture of the Smithy on the "Marriage" Certificate.

The certificate had a picture of the smithy and stated:—

"That both parties being now here present, and having declared to me that they are single persons, they are married according to the laws of the kingdom of Scotland."

Up to 1858, said Sir Thomas, it was possible for English people to go across the Border and get validly married, but that was put an end to by an Act of that year amending the law of marriage in Scotland, which made it necessary for one of the parties to reside in Scotland for 21 days before the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Cairns had only been there a few hours.

Mr. Cairns, giving evidence, said the regular marriage took place at the register office, South Kensington, on January 22. He had never been in Scotland before September last year. He spent the previous three weeks in London and saw his wife practically every day during that period.

"Idle Form of Marriage."

Mr. Justice Maugham, giving judgment, said what he had to decide was the question of fact whether Mrs. Cairns went through a valid ceremony of marriage at that period.

(Continued on next Column.)

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.**BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.**

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.—Chinese programme.

12.30 to 2 p.m.—Programme of Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.
2 to 7 p.m.—Programme of Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Company.

"Wembley Military Tattoo," The Band of 7 M. Grenadier Guards; Pipes, 1st Batt. Scots Guards (conducted by Capt. George Miller) with Stadium Choir directed by Henry Jaxon.

"Tannhauser—O Star of Eve" (Wagner) and "Carmen—The Toreador Song" (Bizet), Harold Williams and The B.B.C. Chorus with Orchestra.

"If Winter Comes" (Billy Bennett) and "The Detective" (Billy Bennett), Billy Bennett.

"Marche Militaire" (Schubert, arr. Godfrey) and "Villanelle" (Doll) Aequa, arr. Winterbottom, Regimental Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"Broadway Selection" (Gottler, Mitchell and Conrad), Regal Cinema Orchestra, conducted by Emanuel Starker.

"Beneath Thy Window" (Teschacher and di Capua) and "Come Back" (Elkin and Toselli), William Heseltine.

Tenor with Orchestra.
"Reaching for Someone" (Leslie and Donaldson) and "Hang On To Me" (Klages and Greer), Ukulele Ike (Cliff Edwards) with Novelty Accompaniment.

7 to 7.30 p.m.—Lesson in Cantonese by Rev. H. R. Wells.

7.30 to 9 p.m.—Recorded programme continued:—
"Sonata" (Appassionata) in F Minor (Beethoven, Op. 57) Pianoforte Solo by William Murdoch.

8 p.m.—Chinese programme relayed from Ho Shing Theatre until end of play.

9 p.m.—Weather report.

Gretna Green on September 29, 1929.

It was an idle form of marriage, and it was quite plain that Mr. and Mrs. Cairns were not validly married until January 22 last. The deeds of appointment were, therefore, a valid exercise of the power of appointment conferred by the settlement. He directed the trustees to transfer the funds to Mrs. Cairns, subject to the payment of their proper costs, charges, and expenses.

SEX AT CHOICE.**32 MALES OUT OF 53 BIRTHS.**

The determination of the sex of unborn babies has attracted the imagination of scientists and others for hundreds of years. The latest claim to success in this matter is put forward in a German medical periodical by Professor F. Unterberger.

Whether the professor's discoveries will prove that it is possible to settle the sex of babies will depend upon careful testing of his theories in other centres, but at the moment it is possible to say that the basis of his work appears sound.

Briefly, what has happened is that in experimenting with sodium bicarbonate for the treatment of sterility, Professor Unterberger was surprised to find that in fifty-two out of fifty-three cases a son was born. In the case of the exception he found that his prescribed treatment had not been closely followed.

Such treatment was based upon the fact that sterility in cows had been successfully treated with sodium bicarbonate. Trials made with patients desirous of male offspring have gone to prove that in all probability this method has great possibilities. Its limitations are, of course, that it merely offers a greater chance of male offspring, but developments on similar lines might possibly extend to the female sex.

It has been known for some years that the case of many of the lower species could be influenced by the environment in which they lived. Delicate changes in the chemistry of the fluids surrounding tadpoles, for example, were related to the sex of the resulting frogs.

Professor Unterberger's methods seems to be quite in keeping with this, for large doses of sodium bicarbonate will certainly alter the reaction of body fluids towards the "alkaline" side, and such a chemical change might well affect the sex of the human embryo.

Further details will be required before the method can be extensively tried elsewhere.

Sir James Jeans, secretary of the Royal Society, broadcasting in London said:—

"Suppose science shows us how to fix the sex of unborn children, so that parents can choose whether their next child shall be a boy or girl. The first tendency would, I suppose, be to equalise the members of the sexes, so that every woman could find a mate. But would it stop there?"

"Would women want to reduce the numbers of their sex still further, so that every woman would be

(Continued on next Column.)

HONG KONG POLICE RESERVE.

(ORDERS BY THE HON. MR. E. D. C. WOLFE, C.M.G., INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.)

General.

Revolver Practice.—The regular weekly revolver practice (voluntary) will take place at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday, May 7, from 9 a.m. to 10.30 p.m. It will be open to all ranks of the Hong Kong Police, Special Constables, and all persons holding permits to carry arms and also to the Chinese Company, Hong Kong Police Reserve.

Police Training School.

The weekly classes for Police Reservists at the Police Training School, Kowloon, will be held on Tuesday, May 6, at 5.30 p.m. All members of the Chinese and Indian Companies and of the Flying Squad who have not yet passed Part II of Training Course are requested to attend.

Chinese Company.

Revolver Practice.—Members of the Chinese Company, who have passed Parts I. and II. of Training Course, will attend at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday evening, May 7, at 9 p.m. sharp for revolver practice under Musketry Instructor E. Carpenter.

Indian Company.

All ranks of the Indian Company are reminded of the parade to be held at Police Headquarters under P/Sergeant R. J. Hunt on Tuesday, May 6, at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress: White uniform, belt and cap with white cover.

Flying Squad.

Members of the Hong Kong Section detailed for special duty on May 8 are requested to parade at Police Headquarters with their machines at 8.45 a.m.

The weekly instructional patrol of the Kowloon Section will take place on Tuesday, May 6. Fall in at the Tsimtsatui Fire Brigade Station at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki uniform and cap with khaki covers.

There will be no instructional patrol for the Hong Kong Section on Friday, May 9.

(Sgd.) D. L. KING, D.S.P. (R.).

Hong Kong, May 5.

greatly sought after! Or would they perchance want to increase their numbers, so that by sheer weight of numbers they would rule the earth?

"I don't think we can foretell how large the future population of the world is likely to be."



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WOMAN'S CORNER.

IT IS TIME (WE HOPE) TO PUT YOUR FURS AWAY.

Now is the time that furs will be discarded and packed away for the summer months. Before storing them, however, they should be thoroughly cleaned and every precaution taken to prevent the depredations of the moth.

White furs, such as ermine, may be readily cleaned by means of calcined magnesias. Place the fur on a table which has been covered with a sheet, and sprinkle with the powdered magnesias.

Rub gently with a piece of flannel until quite clean, taking care to rub the way of the fur. Next give a thorough shaking to remove the powder, and finally rub with a dry, soft cloth.

Grey furs are best cleaned with fig dust, which is obtainable from most corn merchants. Use the fig dust in the same manner as the calcined magnesias, remembering to take a fresh supply as soon as it becomes dirty. Complete the process by tapping the fur lightly on the wrong side until every trace of the powder is removed.

In the case of brown or black furs the treatment is slightly different. Take a little bran and place it on a tin tray in the oven.

When it is warm rub it well into the surface of the fur with a soft cloth or piece of flannel. Then remove the tiny particles of husk by brushing gently with a soft bristled brush.

When the furs are quite clean they may be stored away in the following manner: Roll them up carefully in linen or thick brown paper, with a good supply of cayenne pepper or naphthalene between the folds, and pack them into an air-tight box.

It is a good plan to send really valuable furs to the Dairy Farm, to be taken care of in cold storage. They are then absolutely safe, as they are kept at a temperature too cold for the moth to live.

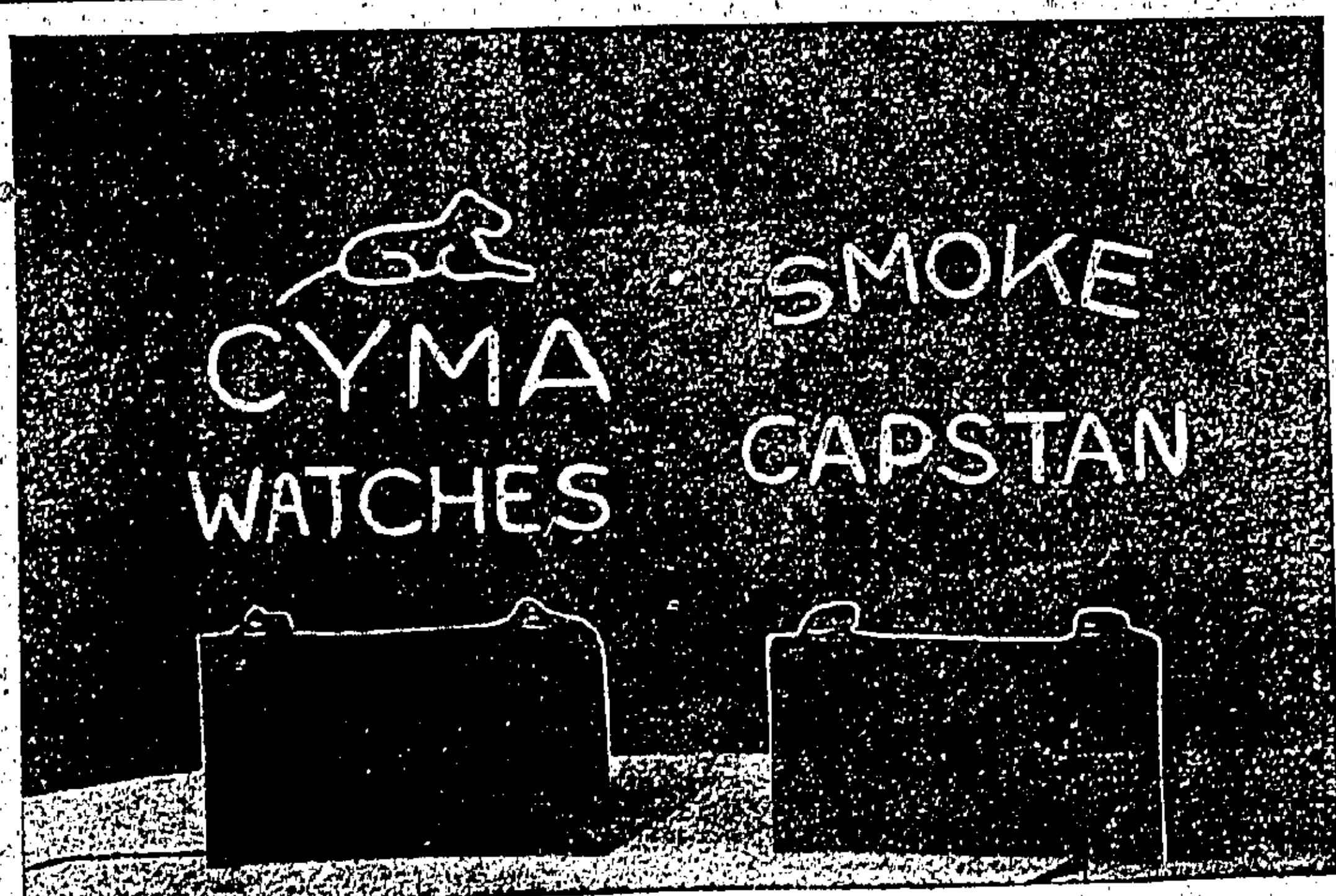


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EXCHANGE BUILDING.

AN INCOME-TAX ANOMALY.

BAN ON HOLIDAYS IN ENGLAND.

Following a sharp agitation in England and in India, there is a prospect that an income-tax anomaly which, it has been declared, has prevented many Britishers from spending their leave at home, may be removed in the near future.

Under the present law, as interpreted by the Inland Revenue authorities, if a Britisher holding a position in India maintains a home in England, he is liable to British income-tax when he returns on leave, although a single man does not incur the same liability provided his stay does not exceed six months. The regulations apply with equal force to British subjects holding appointments in other parts of the Empire, so that the issue involved is one of widespread importance.

When the matter was brought to the notice of the Board of Inland Revenue a few months ago, they stated in a letter that they could not express an opinion whether the law was likely to be altered, adding—

A Mistaken Idea.

"All that can be said is that the existence of a widespread feeling in India would naturally be brought by the Board to the notice of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, but evidence continues to reach the Board that this feeling is still largely, though admittedly, not entirely, based on the mistaken idea to which currency has unfortunately been given that any Indian Civil Servant, Indian Army Officer, or other person in business or employment in India who comes to this country on leave makes himself by so doing liable to British tax on his total income, whatever his circumstances may be."

Subsequently the question was strongly taken up by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and later, by the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire.

To a representation by the last named the Board of Inland Revenue, in a guarded reply, indicated that their attitude to a proposal to revise the law in order to deal with this specific anomaly would not be unsympathetic.

The Federated Chambers have now submitted a case to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and, as a question of principle rather than a considerable sum of revenue is involved, it is hoped that the grievance will be removed in the next Finance Bill.

"POLICE ROTTEN TO THE CORE."

JUDGE'S COMMENT IN BRIBERY CASE.

Scathing comments on the Brightside Division of the Sheffield police were made by both judge and counsel at the trial at Leeds Assizes of George Henry Parkin, aged forty-two, described as a moulder, on a charge of corruptly giving sums of money amounting to £4 to Police Constable Burnett Crookes, jointly with Cyril Franklin Maddison.

The case was one of a series in which five bookmakers have been indicted on charges of bribing constables in the Sheffield police force. Two constables have been indicted on charges of corruptly accepting gifts.

Parkin was found guilty, but recommended to mercy, and sentence was deferred.

A number of policemen gave evidence of either receiving or sharing money gifts.

Mr. Justice Humphreys, in his summing up, said that if one thing had been established in the case it was that the conduct of the Brightside Division of the Sheffield police for years past had been most lamentable. That division of the Sheffield police had been shown to be rotten to the core.

It was a very painful thing to find that there were officers who had received a regular income from bookmakers, as bribes paid to prevent them doing their duty.

The effect in the present case seemed to have been to have turned the men into confirmed and inveterate liars, and utterly useless as police officers. They were members of the police force, though he did not suppose they would long continue to be so.

"A Terrible Thing."

The jury need not consider in their verdict what effect it might have on the police witnesses. They were not being tried, but of the eleven officers who had given evidence he could not conceive that any public authority would ever think it right to employ such men again.

Mr. Jardine, K.C., defending, in his address to the jury, said that "lying like a Sheffield policeman" was a terrible thing, to think that for years past hundreds of cases in the police court had depended upon the testimony of such men.

SHOULD CANCER BE NOTIFIABLE?

CLAUSE IN CORPORATION BILL REJECTED.

A proposal by the Cardiff Corporation to pay medical practitioners for notifying cases and circumstances of cancer came before a Local Legislation Committee of the House of Commons last month.

Captain R. R. Henderson (C.-Henley) described the proposal as an attempt to bribe medical practitioners to commit a breach of confidence and to break faith with their patients. The Corporation sought power to pay any medical practitioner £s. 6d. for the notification of a case of cancer in private practice, and 1s. to a practitioner in public practice.

Dr. R. F. M. Picken (Medical Officer of Health for Cardiff) said that the Corporation had been trying to fight the rising mortality rate of cancer. Early treatment was essential to possible cure. There had been at Cardiff for some time a system by which cases were notified, and also some details as to the housing conditions and the mode of life. When a case was notified assistance was afforded in getting the patient to hospital.

A "Bribe."

"Captain Henderson: What about the breach of confidence? Suppose I had the misfortune to develop cancer, it would be most repugnant to myself and my family if I found that my medical adviser had, without my permission, given information to the local authority."

The Chairman (Mr. T. Cape, Lab.-Workington): If any good can come to the patient it is different.

Mr. Beveridge (for the Corporation): The sum total of knowledge gained might do a great deal of good.

Captain Henderson: This is a fee or bribe to a medical practitioner to divulge the illnesses from which his patients are suffering.

Mr. J. H. Palin (Lab.-Newcastle): Surely not for half a crown!

Captain Henderson: It is contrary to the etiquette of the profession.

Dr. Picken: This clause giving the power does not lay any duty on the patient or practitioner.

The Chairman: Anything we can do to help research work in cancer should be done.

Mr. Palin: If a person has small-pox it is notified. This would be beneficial to the community.

Captain Henderson: I fail to see why patients in poor circumstances should not be treated with the same consideration as those better off.

Mr. Palin: We are talking a lot of nonsense. Many diseases are notifiable by law.

After a long consultation the Committee decided not to pass the clause.

CHAMPAGNE PARTY FIGHT.

SCENE IN LONDON FLAT.

A champagne party in a London flat was described recently when Reginald Levy (24), independent, of Stanhope Terrace, Lancaster Gate, W., was accused of stealing a handbag and contents and willfully damaging a woman's frock. Levy was acquitted.

Mr. W. R. Perkins, prosecuting, said that at 2 a.m. Mrs. Neall, a young married woman, of High Street, Marylebone, W., was walking home with Miss Price along Regent Street when Levy stopped her car and asked Mrs. Neall if she knew where he could get a drink. Mrs. Neall said he could have one at her flat, and the women got into the car.

Levy stopped the car at his own house, and fetched a bottle of champagne and a bottle of brandy. Then they all went to Mrs. Neall's flat. There Mrs. Neall turned on the gramophone, and they had a dance and a drink. After about an hour Levy began to make himself objectionable. He had previously given Mrs. Neall £2 to cover the cost of her whisky, and when she asked him to go he seized her handbag. There was a struggle, during which Miss Price's dress was torn.

Rather than have further disturbance Mrs. Neall let Levy go. They knew his address because he had given it to Miss Price, and they went with a constable to find him.

After waiting some time they saw Levy drive up to another young woman, and they accused him. He offered to give them £5 each to square the matter, and after they had charged him a guinea called and gave them £5 to make no further trouble. They foolishly accepted it. The handbag was found in the car.

Levy said that when he entered Mrs. Neall's flat he took off his overcoat and jacket and put them on to a settee. He gave Mrs. Neall 30s. While he was drinking he saw Miss Price take some notes and silver from his pocket. He tried to stop her, and in the struggle her dress was torn.

She ran off with some of the money, and he foolishly went off with the bag. He had no intention of stealing it.

The magistrate said no jury would convict Levy, and he would be discharged.

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The TEXAS CO. (CHINA), LTD. [65]

While previous figures were confirmed by the observations to-day, the eclipse was not actually total, only the outlines of the mountain tops reaching to the edge of the sun while the hollows of the valleys allowed light to come through and handicap observation.

For twenty-eight years Bombardier Benott has discharged this duty. He also fires the Royal salute from the guns in the Long Walk, facing the Castle, on special occasions.

Eaten by Dogs.
 "They became careless, and on January 31 a small boy was allowed to go out. The dogs set on him, killed him, and partly devoured him before they were driven off."

trafficking in drugs, and Victor Cotton was fined £8 and sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

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han Road, Kowloon

Address:—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press,"
11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1.

"Nini Tango," queen of the underworld, was yesterday sentenced to one year's imprisonment for trafficking in drugs and Vice.

A number of out-of-work miners in the Rhondda Valley are also among to-day's batch of men who would

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THE HONG KONG POLO CLUB.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR'S WORK.

The annual general meeting of the Hong Kong Polo Club was held at the premises of the Club, Causeway Bay, last evening, when the Chairman, Colonel W. D. S. Brownrigg, D.S.O., gave a very lengthy review of the year's working. The questions of ground and polo ponies were gone into and were discussed by a very representative gathering.

Among those present were the General Officer Commanding the Forces, Major-General J. W. Sandilands, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Colonel MacLaine, Messrs. J. P. Heard, R. Gordon and W. T. Stanton (Hon. Secretary).

NO TREATY NECESSARY IN HONG KONG!

Colonel Brownrigg addressed the meeting as follows:—

"The time now being past that called for the meeting we may proceed to business. We may take as read the statement of the Club's accounts as they have been in your hands for some time. A comparison of these with the accounts of last year reveals a total income some \$300 greater in the current year which shows an excess of income over expenditure of \$9,520 as against last year's excess of expenditure over income of \$101.67. During the year under review we expended \$1,380.00 on special repairs to the ground, returfing, etc., as against \$896.60 for the year previous. We were, however, compelled during that period to spend \$2,010.50 on the Pavilion whereas this year we have had no expenses other than ordinary upkeep in this connection.

"Our sources of income as compared with last year show an increase of \$200 in subscriptions while the profit on wines, teas, sticks, is virtually the same at \$756.87. We have again received a generous grant from the Stewards of the Hong Kong Jockey Club of \$2,500 and I am sure you will join with me in expressing our gratitude for this very material assistance, which in the past has been a saviour to Polo in Hong Kong. We have received this year a contribution of \$1,500.

"On the expenditure side the items are virtually the same as those of last year and would appear to call for no comment. You will observe from the balance sheet that our cash position is very substantially increased and we have there now a reserve against import expenses, turning and other extraordinary charges.

Interpret this Year?

"Turning from the accounts we may briefly review the Club's activities during the year. Ordinary polo has been consistently played except on days when the ground was too wet and these were comparatively few in number. In general the daily number of chukkas was well maintained and in the Autumn for about a month we were running an average as high as 10 to 12 a day. This year again it was found impossible to send a team to Shanghai to challenge for the Keswick Cup and this is regrettable since 1927 when Shanghai at a considerable effort came to Hong Kong. It is to be hoped that this year we can raise a side to make the trip and it is likely that the funds of the Club will permit of assistance to the team in financing all or part of the cost of shipping ponies. This will be a question for the incoming Committee to take up within the next few months.

"We were honoured by a visit from H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester who with his staff played polo here on Thursday, April 25. In appreciation of his visit His Royal Highness has presented the Club with his autographed photograph and I am sure all members are very grateful for this kind thought.

"During the year several tournaments were held and amongst these are to be noted the following results:—

"Lady Stubbs' Cup—Won by 'Typhoons'—Colonel Brownrigg, Major Wolfe Murray, Mr. Stanton, Mr. Heard.
"K.O.Y.L.L. Cup—Won by a K.O.S.B.'s side.

The Ground Question.

"The question of the tenure of our ground here has been much to the fore during the period under review. In this connection we must express our gratitude to our Vice-President Major-General Sandilands for the interest he displayed on our behalf. In my opinion his advice to the Committee saved our ground. I can best summarize the position as it now stands by quoting from the recent report of the Playing Fields Committee:—

"We have given very careful consideration to the question of how the area at present allotted to the Polo Club at Queen's Recreation Ground could be improved. It is generally accepted that the polo ground is a comparatively small body, viz., the playing members of the Polo Club in reality it forms a playground for many

hundreds of children of the locality, when not in actual use for polo, and we are informed that the Polo Club has offered the use of the ground for other games on the whole of Saturdays and Sundays throughout the year when the ground is not ordinarily used by the Polo Club and subject to no serious damage being done to the turf. We realize the importance of the game of polo in training of Army Officers and would be loath to do anything that would impede the continued existence of the game in the Colony. We understand from the Club's representatives however that if an alternative ground is offered in the Aberdeen Valley the Club would have no objection to transferring their stables remaining where they are now and ponies being walked out to the new ground prior to play.

"We recommend therefore that when a space is made available in the Aberdeen Valley, the Polo Club, as now occupying ground which might more suitably be allotted to other Clubs with more numerous membership, should be re-allotted a ground at Aberdeen, and that meanwhile the Polo Club should continue in the use of its present ground. We would deprecate, however, the strict fencing in of the present ground by any new allottees in such a way as to prevent its present use as a playground for the children of the neighbourhood unless an alternative playground is provided."

"The use of our ground on Saturdays and Sundays has been granted to the Royal Naval Recreation Club and football has been consistently played on these days. In return for this we expect a remuneration of \$500 a year, which, while it will be a welcome addition to our funds, can in no way compensate us for the damage that has been done to our turf. It may be possible for the incoming Committee to make arrangements for the ground to be used in a manner causing less injury to it, but that we are under a moral obligation to share it in some way with other clubs is patent in view of the present great shortage of playing fields in the Colony. With reference to the proposed field in Aberdeen I may mention that several years must elapse before the work is completed even if the scheme is definitely adopted by the Government. The plan calls for a new road reducing the present distance there by half and there would appear to be no objection to our moving there where we may hope for the exclusive use of a full sized ground. A bus service could be run on polo days and ponies could easily be walked from the present stabling accommodation to the field and back after play.

"During the year we have lost the heavy support that has been given us for three years by the Officers of the 2nd Battalion, K.O.S.B.'s. I feel that we must place on record our appreciation of their help and their sporting spirit. You will recall that our interteam team against Shanghai in 1927 was an all K.O.S.B. side. However, we welcome the arrival of the Argylls and we are pleased to see the keen interest they are taking in Hong Kong polo.

Civilian Players Wanted.

"I deplore the shortage of civilian players but welcome one police officer and hope that he will be able to attract others. I realize that the calls of business is the main reason for the shortage of civilian players but I know from experience that civilians manage to play in Shanghai. Despite this shortage the only four civilians to make up a team last year succeeded in winning the tournament after several replays.

"I want now to sound one word of warning about the type of pony permitted on the Hong Kong Polo ground. Rule 25 of the By-laws of the Hong Kong Polo Club reads: 'The ponies to be played shall be those commonly known as China ponies, and the height of the ponies must not exceed 14 hands.' I draw special attention to this rule in view of the fact that the present Stewards of the Club have permitted some twenty 'Walers' to be played on the ground.

"The use of 'Walers' has been the main cause of financially ruining polo in India and in Egypt. Let us take warning. By the existing rules (Continued on next column.)

VICKERS, LIMITED.

STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION.

The report and accounts for the year 1929 of Vickers Limited, the famous British company of ship-builders, armament and aeroplane makers, and manufacturers of steel of all kinds, show that gross profits were £1,270,999, compared with £1,249,214 for 1928, and the net profits were £941,971, compared with £938,903. The sum of £250,000 is again placed to reserve, bringing it up to £1,000,000, the dividend on the Ordinary shares is 8 per cent. less tax, the same as for 1929, while the sum carried forward is £229,735 compared with £217,704.

The balance-sheet reveals a position of great strength and liquidity. The assets amount to £21,883,699, an increase of £315,659. Nearly the whole of this increase is represented by an addition of floating assets which now amount to £9,248,932 (or 42 per cent.) of the total assets, against £8,761,378 in 1928. The floating assets exceed the current liabilities by a very large margin; the latter amount to £4,033,463 and includes a substantial item which may be regarded less as a liability than a reserve. This is "Provision for Contingencies & Balance of Capital Reserve" made on the Reduction of Capital which now stands at £2,366,404, against £2,692,376 last year.

"The Times," in commenting on the report, writes:—"Vickers Limited is now really a holding and financing company. It performs the functions almost of an industrial bank in relation to its subsidiaries, Vickers-Armstrongs, Metropolitan-Cammell Cartrages, Wagon & Finance Company, the English Steel Corporation, the Supermarine Aviation Works, Limited, and other associated concerns. Its financial strength is such that it could finance almost any operation in which the associated concerns might reasonably desire to engage. This is true financial rationalization. The functions of a bank are clearly defined and are essentially different from those of a financial house. Vickers is in a position, as it were, to supplement the ordinary financial facilities provided by banks of virtue of its command of large liquid resources which it may invest in long term credits for industrial purposes. Other industries are beginning to show a tendency to follow the example of Vickers. If this tendency is carried further, the chances for British trade will be distinctly improved."

No 'Waler' pony is allowed on the Hong Kong ground so I take this opportunity of warning playing members not to buy 'Walers' when discarded from the Turf in the hope of making them into polo ponies. This warning implies no criticism of the Steward action, and the Stewards are our generous God-fathers. It is merely an effort to benefit from past experience with the sole object of keeping Hong Kong Polo cheap.

One last word—I know I voice the feelings of all members in thanking our Secretary for all his work and for his unfailing consideration for our comfort. Great Britain and America have recently signed a Naval Treaty but no written treaty is necessary in Hong Kong so long as 'Bill' Stanton represents America.

Colonel Brownrigg then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts for the year. This was seconded by Mr. W. T. Stanton and was carried unanimously.

Election of Officers.

The Chairman then said that the next business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. He proposed that the Vice-President be asked to approach Sir William Peel when he arrived to accept the position of President of the Club. This was carried unanimously.

Other elections were:—

Vice-Presidents:—Major-General J. W. Sandilands, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Rear-Admiral R. A. S. Hill, C.B.E., Mr. J. J. Paterson.

Chairman:—Colonel W. D. S. Brownrigg, D.S.O.

Hon. Secretary:—Mr. W. T. Stanton.

Committee:—Colonel MacLaine, Major Philby, Mr. Mould, R.A., and Messrs. Heard and Gordon.

Ground for Volunteers.

Mr. Potts of the Mounted Infantry, Hong Kong Volunteers, asked the Chairman whether it would be possible to grant the use of the ground to the Volunteer Mounted Infantry every Thursday evening for parade. After ascertaining that no carts or carriages will be used during the parade, permission was accordingly granted.

CHINA WILL BROOK NO DELAY.

MEANS TO BE MISTRESS IN HER OWN HOUSE.

DR. C. T. WANG RESTIVE OVER EXTRALITY ISSUE.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Shanghai.—China will not consent to any lengthy deferment of the abolition of foreign extraterritorial privileges within her borders, Dr. C. T. Wang, Minister for Foreign Affairs in the National Government, informed the United Press.

Although the announcement was made some months ago that last January 1 would be considered the beginning of the abolition of extraterritoriality in principle, rather than the start of absolute universal application of such abolition, the Foreign Minister is conducting his negotiations with various foreign plenipotentiaries on a basis of immediate realities and not far-off possibilities, he intimated.

The Starting Point.

"We turned our attention first to the matter of tariff autonomy—the breaking of the old system by which China was the dumping-ground for other countries when sent their goods into China with payment of a very small duty, selling them at great profit to themselves and stifling China's own industries."

"Next came the matter of extraterritoriality, the existence of special foreign privileges which robbed China of jurisdiction over peoples within her borders and allowed them to reap rich profits without sharing them with the country from which these profits came."

"Finally there is the matter of special areas and concessions. Progress is being made in all these things, but I have named them in the order in which we have given them primary attention."

The chief opposition to abolition of extraterritoriality, in the opinion of Dr. Wang, comes from economic motives. Large foreign companies operate in China at present without payment of income or other taxes such as they pay in other countries such as Japan.

There is little genuine opposition based on fear of maladministration of justice in criminal cases, the Foreign Minister believes, although this makes a good "talking point" on the part of foreigners whose real fears are centered on their pocket nerves.

Conversations between Dr. Wang and Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, American Minister to China, have been occurring frequently and it is understood in various quarters that the new American Minister is proving highly popular in Chinese circles while at the same time maintaining the confidence of the American community in China. He makes many trips to Nanking and actually spends a relatively small amount of time in the former capital, Peking, where the Legations are still located.

The Time Factor.

While it is not known exactly what Dr. Wang considers a reasonable time within which arrangements must be made for the final relinquishment of extraterritoriality, it is reliably learned that speculations to the effect that this might range from five to 10 years are in error.

The Chinese attitude is understood to be that such a course can as readily be adopted within two years as a longer time, and indications are that the Foreign Minister is endeavouring to show the foreign plenipotentiaries concerned that such a time should be considered a maximum.

POLITICS IN U.S. SUPREME COURT.

LIBERAL JUDGE WANTED TO OFFSET C. E. HUGHES.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Washington, April 29.—When the debate opened in the Senate to-day on President Hoover's nomination of Judge John Johnston Parker of North Carolina to be associate justice of the U.S. Supreme Court, Senator William E. Borah, insurgent Republican from Idaho, declared that on the bench of the Fourth U.S. Circuit Court Judge Parker had gone farther than any other judge in sustaining anti-union contracts.

Senator Borah's speech was considered the opening gun by the liberals who consider Judge Parker, on the basis of his record, at least a moderate conservative and who would prefer a definitely liberal justice to offset President Hoover's last appointment, that of Mr. Charles Evans Hughes to be Chief Justice.

ROUND THE COURTS.

BUSY CHAUFFEUR FINED.

When asked to explain how it came about that he had been driving in Hong Kong for a year without renewing his license, a Chinese chauffeur told Mr. Lindsell at the Central Police Station yesterday that he had been busy most of the time and could not find time to renew.

Mr. Lindsell: It is nonsense to say you could not find time during a whole year.

The Police stated that the man had a clear record and that there would be no objection to renewing his license if he had asked for it. A fine of \$5 was imposed.

WOMAN SMUGGLER.

With a child strapped to her back, a Chinese woman of the poor class was charged at Central Magistracy yesterday with possession of 24 tael of opium.

She told the Magistrate that she was in poor circumstances and had hoped to make a few cents for carrying the contraband for a man. Mr. Lindsell imposed a fine of \$2,000 or two months' imprisonment.

OPIUM IN POULTRY SHOP.

A poultry dealer trading between Wuchow and Hong Kong was fined \$6,000 or, in default, six months' hard labour yesterday when he pleaded guilty to possession of 300 tael of prepared opium.

Revenue Officer Grimmett visited the Kung Yick Loong poultry dealers on Saturday and, following a search, came upon 300 tael of opium concealed between tin-plates. Two persons were arrested, but since one took full responsibility for the possession of the opium, the other was discharged.

EMBEZZLER CAOLED.

A *joki* of the Shiu Yuen pawnshop pleaded guilty in Mr. Lindsell's Court yesterday to embezzlement of a sum of \$8,559.46. He was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

Mr. Horace Lo, who appeared for the complainant, informed the Court that since the accused had pleaded guilty he did not propose to press the charges. Mr. Lo explained that the defendant was an accountant at the pawnshop, which lent out money on pledges, which were later redeemed. These monies passed through the accused's hands, and he was not able to account for the figure shown in the charge.

The Police also informed the Bench that they were not pressing for a committal.

MOTOR CAR ON FIRE.

PUBLIC VEHICLE IS SET ALIGHT.

A fire broke out in a public motor-car at High Street, West Point, at about 8.30 a.m. yesterday which might have assumed graver dimensions.

The car (No. 870) was running along High Street when the driver noticed dense smoke issuing from the bonnet of the vehicle. The car was stopped, and no sooner had the driver and passengers alighted, than the car was aflame. Some shop assistants in the vicinity poured bucket after bucket of water on the car, but failed to subdue the flames. Shortly afterwards, a fire appliance arrived and the blaze was got under control.

The whole of the front part of the car and the seats were destroyed, the damage being estimated at over \$1,000.

STRANGE BEHAVIOUR.

WOMAN ATTACKED FOR UPSETTING BRICKWORK.

The conduct of a Chinese towards a woman in a dispute which occurred at a building site outside the Police Training School, Kowloon, on April 12, was described as extraordinary when the facts of an assault case were laid before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Explaining the events that led to the quarrel, Sub-Inspector Hourihan said that the complainant had apparently knocked over some of the defendant's brickwork. The latter lost his temper and struck the woman on the arm with a bamboo pole. The woman sustained a fracture and had been confined in hospital for treatment since April 12. The complainant had been told by the medical officer that she would have to be under medical treatment for three months.

The Magistrate said that the blow must have been a very savage one, and described the man's behaviour as extraordinary. His words were not to be taken literally, or one month's imprisonment in default of payment. On the charge of causing grievous bodily harm, the defendant was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

SUFFOCATED BY A GAG.

MEDICAL THEORY IN SESSIONS TRIAL.

THE MURDER OF A BUDDHIST PRIEST AT KOWLOON CITY.

THREE MEN ON TRIAL.

A thirteen-year-old Chinese girl was mentioned as the principal witness in a murder trial which opened before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) at the Criminal Sessions yesterday. The deceased, Cheung Hung Chun, was a Buddhist priest who resided on the second floor of 3, Sha Po Road, Kowloon City. His death was stated to be due to suffocation from a piece of cloth inserted into his mouth during an attempted robbery on the afternoon of February 15. A lengthy cross-examination ensued when a Chinese detective sergeant gave evidence at the opening of the trial.

PRISONERS PLEAD NOT GUILTY.

There are three accused, Tso Ping, alias Tse Ki Chau, Cheung Luk and Sun Tam, who pleaded not guilty to the charge. Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton, is appearing for the defence.

The jurors empanelled were Messrs. B. J. Lacon (foreman), Mok Ching Um, M. H. Arnold, O. F. Ribeiro, C. Bond, Loo Jen Ming, and W. D. Deans.

Outlining the case for the Crown, Mr. Somerset Fitzroy (Assistant Attorney-General) put in evidence a plan of the flat where the crime took place and the surroundings. There was also a photograph of the floor showing the position of the body when the police entered.

Counsel said that the whole of the Crown case rested on the evidence of a small girl servant in the house. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon, she opened the door in answer to a knock. Three men entered, alleged to be the accused, and asked Cheung about his charges for performing certain religious rites. The men sat down in the front cubicle, where the priest had his shrine.

The girl took tea to the men from time to time, so that she had an opportunity of seeing them often and recognising them. Later while she was in the kitchen, she was asked by one of the men to go to the front cubicle. When she entered she was seized and tied up with wire, a stone being inserted in her mouth to serve as a gag secured by a towel over her face.

Counsel continued that the girl would say that while lying in this condition she heard the men ransacking the house. After they had gone, she succeeded in freeing herself and informed the police. They found Cheung lying dead on the floor, gagged and tied with wire. There were spots of blood leading from the body into the stairs and an alleyway. There was a significance in that the second accused, Cheung Luk, had a recent cut on his hand, which medical evidence would show must have led to much bleeding.

Mr. Fitzroy added that so far as could be ascertained, nothing was taken from the place.

Dr. J. E. Dovey, medical officer in charge of Kowloon Mortuary, deposed to conducting a post-mortem examination of the body on February 18. Witness described the position of six abrasions on the outside of the throat which could have been caused by Cheung himself if he had clawed at his throat. Witness said that he made a discovery which was not apparent from a superficial examination by passing his hand over the throat. There was evidence of some foreign matter far back in the throat. Witness had to saw through the jaws to discover a rag, which he was of opinion caused suffocation and death.

Not a Dental Expert.

Cross-examined by Mr. Jenkin, witness said that he was not an authority on teeth, and therefore he was not able to say whether the tooth appearing as an exhibit in the case belonged to the lower or upper jaw. During his examination of the body, he noticed a gap on one side of the jaw showing a tooth to be recently missing.

Witness was asked to examine a piece of wire which was stated to have been used to bind the girl. He agreed that there was a projection at one side of the coil. If the girl had struggled in an effort to free herself while tied with the wire, witness would expect to see some marks on her wrist.

Witness further agreed that if the stone produced had been used as a gag for approximately half an hour, he would expect to find some abrasions in the girl's mouth.

Answering questions as to a doctor's ability to tell the age of a wound, witness said that it depended much on the state of the patient's health and the nature of the instrument used. After about seven days it was possible to trace the date of the injury to within a day or two.

Wounds caused by broken earthenware were generally irregular, and in the case of a wound so inflicted, one might find particles of earthenware. Witness agreed that a person investigating this point would look for particles in the wound.

Re-examined by Mr. Fitzroy, witness said that the gap in the deceased's jaw was about the same width as the tooth produced in Court.

Dr. D. J. Valentine, who said that he was in charge of the Kowloon Hospital on February 18, gave evidence of finding cuts and scratches on both hands of the second accused. The marks were on the back part of the hand, while the index finger had a cut which must have bled very much. The cuts were more than one day old, but not so much as six days. In his opinion the wound in the finger could have been caused by broken porcelain like the exhibit in Court.

Witness added that the blood from the wound might drip for 200 or 300 feet.

A Doctor's Opinion.

Mr. Jenkin, cross-examining, put it to Dr. Valentine that the statements made by witness were of a speculative nature—only that some persons might not agree with him. Witness said that they were his own opinions and he would not go any farther.

As to the age of the wound on second accused's finger, witness agreed that while he put the limit at six days, it might be longer.

Mr. Jenkin: Will you give me seven days?—Yes.

Will you agree that there are a dozen ways by which the wound could have been caused apart from broken porcelain?—Yes.

Mr. Jenkin: You know the nature of the projections on vegetable baskets near the Canton wharf. Do you think the wound could have been caused by a man running into a vegetable basket? Yes, if the man ran with the back of the hands pointing in the direction of the basket.

Witness stated, in answer to another question, that the cut in the finger could have been caused by the porcelain, but it was not possible to receive the scratches at the same time. Such scratches could only have been caused by the person using the piece of porcelain himself.

The Girl's Report.

Chinese Detective Sergeant Lo Kai, attached to Kowloon City Police Station, stated that the girl came to the charge room carrying with her a towel, wire and the stone gag, and in consequence of her report he visited the house. On the way, he met Inspector Elston, who also went with him.

Witness said that he found the body in the same position as seen in the photograph. In cross-examination, witness said that in the course of his investigations he came across a woman named Cheng Tai Koo, who lived at the house of the priest. Witness also came to know another woman by the name of Chan Sau Ying, who used to visit the other woman and sometimes passed the night there.

Asked if he knew whether the clog in Court belonged to Tai Koo, witness said he believed it belonged to the woman Chan. His reason for the belief was that this woman had bound feet which would fit the small clog.

Witness was cross-examined at great length on details concerning the arrests of the three men. He stated that he was with the same party every time an arrest was made. At first a fourth man was arrested, but he was subsequently released. The second accused was arrested on February 18.

Were you present at the identification parade?—No, I was sent away to Hunghom with Chan Pui, another detective sergeant. I did not receive instructions direct from Inspector Fallon, but Chan Pui told me that he had been asked to go with me.

Was the identification parade over when you came back?—Yes, I heard that it was over and there was nobody there.

(Continued on next Column.)

THAT CURRENCY QUESTION.

GOLD & SILVER EXCHANGE HOLDS MEETING.

MEMBERS PREFER TO LISTEN.

While the currency question might be of deep importance to Chinese merchants and bankers generally, the members of the Gold and Silver Exchange, an institution which serves as a clearing house for native bankers, seem to hold indifferent views as to the importance of the question. A meeting of this institution was called for 8 p.m. last night to select a representative to go before the Currency Commission and also to answer the questions tabulated by that body. This was in response to an invitation sent to the Exchange by the Commission.

The meeting was delayed for more than an hour, due, it is understood, to the attendance being insufficient to form a quorum. When, however, the proceedings commenced it was found that members who were present were not keen on expressing their views.

Mr. Lam Kwai Sang was chosen to represent the Exchange. The views expressed at last night's meeting were generally against stabilisation of the dollar, and also against the changing of the Colony's currency to a gold basis. The few opinions that were expressed were all in agreement on one thing, and that was, that the premium on notes over silver was detrimental to the business of the Colony and the hope was expressed that more notes should be issued and silver dollars gradually withdrawn, though how this should be done was not suggested.

A KOWLOON ROBBERY.

THREE THUGS DECAPED WITH VALUABLES.

A robbery is reported to have occurred on the first floor of 59, Ching Shan Road, Kowloon, shortly after nine o'clock yesterday morning.

Three men, who were described by the victim as unarmed, after obtaining admission into the flat, bound their victim, a woman named Chang Yuk Hing. The intruders spent about half an hour in the premises and then made off with about \$50 in cash, two gold rings, two pairs of gold bangles and two pairs of gold earrings.

A report was made to the Police Station at Shamshuipo.

Witness agreed, in answer to another question, that the third accused Sun Tam, came to the police station quite voluntarily and there was every opportunity of his keeping away or getting away to Canton.

Do you know what the third accused said at the Magistracy when he was asked if he had any statement to make?—Yes.

What do you think of it?—His statement was that I asked him to point out anybody in order to make a case. He is not speaking the truth.

Third Accused's Arrest.

Up to the moment of arrest, you knew of no reason which would have justified the third accused's arrest?—That is so. He could have run away if he liked, as he was not watched.

Did you hear from Chan Pui, your brother detective, up to the date of the third accused's arrest as to why he had been arrested?—No.

Do you know that the first accused was not identified by the girl at the identification parade?—I do not know from my own personal knowledge. I heard of it.

Witness said that the second accused was arrested after he was pointed out by the third accused. I put it to you that No. 3 never pointed out No. 2?—He did.

Can you give any reason why the party in every case went to the Mongkok Cinema, where they effected the arrests?—According to the information supplied by the third accused, the people whose arrest was desired visited the theatre every day.

The same party of five people went out on each occasion?—Yes.

Answering other questions, witness said that he knew the third accused had a wife. After the man's arrest the woman approached witness to find out the whereabouts of her husband.

Mr. Jenkin: And you told him he had gone to Canton?—No.

Did you give her any money?—Yes, I gave her \$1 of my own money.

Questioned by his Lordship, witness said that the second accused was sitting on the steps when he was first seen. When witness and the other detective went near, the accused got up. He was then seized by them both. Witness went on to say that they were waiting for a bus when accused struggled in an effort to get away.

The Court adjourned until 10.30 a.m. to-day.

THE NEW GOVERNOR

ARRANGEMENTS FOR RECEPTION.

It is now definitely known that the P. & O. steamer Khiva—on which Sir William Peel is travelling—will not arrive in port until Friday morning. She is expected at about 9 a.m., and will make fast to the No. 1 buoy.

We are requested to state—for the information of those having invitations to Queen's Pier and those attending the public reception at the Theatre Royal later—that all the arrangements made will stand good except the change of date from Thursday to Friday.

Those attending the official reception to the new Governor on Queen's Pier are requested to be in their places in good time, in order to avoid unnecessary confusion. The same intimation is offered to those attending the subsequent public ceremony in the Theatre Royal.

TELEPHONE TANGLE.

SATISFACTORY CHANGE OVER.

When interviewed by a Daily Press representative yesterday morning, Mr. J. P. Sherry, Manager of the Hong Kong Telephone Company, said that they were still having a lot of trouble with a certain section of the public who still persist in dialling the old or wrong numbers when making telephone calls. The result is that a big number of lines have been put out of commission, and the offices of the Company were flooded with people yesterday, who were anxious to learn how to dial correctly.

In answer to a question put by our representative, Mr. Sherry said that there were roughly 13,000 telephones in the Colony, and, added the official, it would mean very much work for us if the majority of these people do not learn how to use the automatic telephone before actually trying to make calls on them.

It would take about a week before everything runs smoothly, so far as the actual change over is concerned, it has proved to be very satisfactory. Excellent results have been obtained by those who know how to use the new system correctly, and in all, it is a marked improvement on the old manual system.

TELEPHONE ENGINEERS VERY BUSY.

EXEMPTION FROM JURY SERVICE.

Exemption from jury service at the Criminal Sessions was sought by Mr. Robert Kirkwood when his name was called before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp).

Asked on what grounds Mr. Kirkwood asked for exemption, he pointed out to his Lordship that he was connected with the Telephone Company, all of whom were extremely busy with the change over to the automatic system.

His Lordship excused the juror from service at this Sessions.

A STAGGERING LOAD.

FATHER'S CURIOUS IDEA OF "AMUSEMENT."

Before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, the father of a 13-year-old girl was charged with allowing his daughter to carry a weight of 68 catties, which was 28 catties more than laid down by law for a girl of that age.

Replying to the Magistrate, the defendant replied that the girl carried the load for her own amusement.

Magistrate: Well, you had better see that she doesn't do it to amuse herself.

Sub-Inspector Chester Woods: She was carrying a load 37 pounds heavier than herself. She was absolutely staggering under the load and could not stand up.

Magistrate: What sort of a load was it?

Sub-Inspr. Chester Woods: Eggs—two baskets of eggs.

Magistrate: The Ordinance lays down not more than 40 catties, and this was actually.

Sub-Inspr. Woods: 68 catties.

Magistrate: And what's the girl's weight in catties?

Sub-Inspr. Chester Woods: 68 catties is actually 33 pounds, with her clothes, shoes and everything on.

Magistrate (to defendant): Don't go that far, your duty is to prevent a child from carrying a load like that.

Defendant: She was doing it to amuse herself.

Magistrate: Don't talk nonsense. Is that the sort of amusement you like?

Defendant: I don't know the law.

Magistrate: \$50 or one month.

NEW CHIEF JUSTICE.

KING'S APPROVAL.

The many friends of Sir Joseph Kemp will be pleased to learn that a telegram has been received by the Colonial Secretary from the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the appointment of Sir Joseph Kemp, K.C., C.B.E., to be Chief Justice in succession to Sir Henry Gollan, C.B.E.

HAUL OF \$14,000.

BURGLARS ACTIVE IN KENNEDY ROAD.

According to a report made to the Police by a merchant named Li Yuen, a burglary was committed at his house (No. 8 Kennedy Road) in the early hours of yesterday morning, as a result of which jewellery worth \$14,000 was stolen from a safe in the house.

The burglars gained entry into the house by climbing through an open window into Mr. Li's bedroom. Here they rifled the pockets of a coat belonging to Mr. Li and probably came upon the key of the safe, from which they extracted the large quantity of jewellery.

When Mr. Li awoke in the morning, he was not aware that his house had been burgled until he came upon the open safe. He then realised that it had been rifled during the night.

Yesterday, officials of the C.I.D. were on the case, but no arrest has so far been reported.

CROWN LAND SALES.

TWO LOTS DISPOSED OFF YESTERDAY.

Brisk building featured the sale at the Crown Land Office yesterday of two pieces of land which were put up for public auction.

The first lot, Kowloon Lot No. 2223 situated at Boundary Street, Kowloon Tong, was sold to Capt. C. W. Shearer, of the s.s. Apoey, for \$5,000. The upset price was \$4,000. The land has an area of about 8,000 square feet and its annual rental is \$54.

The second lot, Inland Lot No. 3055, with an area of about 14,930 square feet, was sold to Mr. S. G. Hopson, of 21 Connaught Road Central, at the upset price of \$14,940. The land is situated at Wong Nei Chung and has an annual rental of \$39.

New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1360, which was to have been sold at the same time, was withdrawn owing to their being no bidders.

JUVENILE THIEVES.

ORDERED TO BE CANED FOR ESCAPADES.

Four Chinese lads were ordered by the Magistrate at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday to be caned when they were convicted on charges of larceny.

Pleading guilty to charges of having stolen an earthenware bowl containing a live carp fish from a market stall on Sunday, two boys were given eight strokes of the cane by the Magistrate.

A similar punishment was inflicted on another lad for stealing nine pieces of wood from the Sang Lee contractors, who were engaged in repairing the roadway outside the Peninsula Hotel. Questioned by his Worship with regard to her boy's action, the mother replied that her son had got into bad company.

For stealing an umbrella from the servants' quarters of 180 Austin Road, a boy was ordered to be given 10 strokes of the birch. The defendant was arrested by a constable's coolie who saw him committing the theft and had him arrested.

ALLEGED STABBING IN 1925.

PRINCIPAL WITNESS DIES IN HOSPITAL.

There was an unusual development during the week-end in connection with the commitment of a Chinese for trial at the next Criminal Sessions on a charge of wounding a butcher during the general strike of 1925.

The complainant in this case was an old man by the name of Leong Lin Shing, and he gave clear evidence when the case was before the Magistracy last week. On Saturday, however, he passed away at the Tung-Wah Hospital.

It is not known what turn the case will take now that the principal witness at the trial is dead.

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10, Ice House Street.

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Many New Designs in

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WHITE and STRIPED Cashmere Trouserings.

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HELLO, HELLO; WHO'S YOUR LADY FRIEND?
THE LASSIE FROM LANCASHIRE—
DOWN AT THE OLD BULL AND BOSH—TIPPERARY—
ANTHONY HERRS SEEN KELLY? HOLD YOUR HAND
OUT NAUGHTY BOY—FLANAGAN—
OH OH ANTONIO—PACK UP YOUR TROUBLES—
RECORD No. 9780.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

RECEPTION ON THE ARRIVAL OF H.E. SIR WM. PEEL, K.B.E. OFFICIAL WELCOME AND PRESENTATION OF ADDRESS.

INFORMATION has now been officially received in the Colony that H.E. Sir Wm. Peel, K.B.E., will arrive in this Colony on FRIDAY MORNING the 11th INSTANT instead of THURSDAY MORNING the 8th INSTANT as previously intimated.

RECEPTION ON THE ARRIVAL OF H.E. SIR WILLIAM PEEL, K.B.E. OFFICIAL WELCOME AND PRESENTATION OF ADDRESS.

AT A PUBLIC MEETING held at the CITY HALL on FRIDAY, the 4th APRIL, it was decided to present H.E. Sir WILLIAM PEEL, K.B.E., with an Address of Welcome on his arrival in this Colony, which will be during the MORNING of the 9th MAY.

At the same Public Meeting it was decided that the whole of the THEATRE ROYAL should be thrown open to the Public without charge save only that the Stage be reserved for the Reception Committee, Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils, Representatives of the Navy, Army and Air Force and the Heads of Public Departments, the First Two Rows of the Stalls for the Consular Body and their wives and the representatives of the Churches, also the First Two Rows of the Dress Circle for ladies.

It is hoped that as many residents of the Colony as possible will attend this Public Meeting at the Theatre Royal, and thus give a practical demonstration of the support of the Colony to its new Governor.

ARRIVAL OF H.E. SIR WILLIAM PEEL.

ON H.E. SIR WILLIAM PEEL Leaving QUEEN'S PEAK, he will be accompanied by H.E. The Officer Administering the Government and party, proceed in Motor Cars in a WESTBURY Direction, down CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL and CONNAUGHT ROAD WEST. At SHUE TONG TSI he will turn up HILL ROAD and thence by QUEEN'S ROAD WEST and QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL to the CITY HALL, where the Public Address will be presented.

HUMPHREYS' ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the HONG KONG HOTEL, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th MAY, 1930, at 11.30 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended 31st December 1929.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers, Hong Kong, 12nd Apr., 1930. [9328]

S. P. C. A.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of Hong Kong will take place on THURSDAY, 8th MAY, 1930, in the Board Room of JARDINE MATHESON & Co. Ltd. (Top Floor) at 5.15 P.M.

J. D. A. HUTCHISON, Hon. Secretary, Hong Kong, 24th Apr., 1930. [9329]

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD. (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED, will be held at the Office of the Company, Hong Kong Bank Building, 41, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th DAY OF MAY, 1930, at NOON for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors and a Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st December, 1929, and of electing Directors and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors, HERBERT B. STURT, Secretary, Hong Kong, 5th May, 1930. [9328]

INTIMATIONS.

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD. NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the undersigned on FRIDAY, the 16th MAY, 1930, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended 31st December, 1929.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Agents, Hong Kong, 25th Apr., 1930. [9346]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry Forms for the FIFTH and SIXTH EXTRA RACE MEETINGS to be held on SATURDAY, 17th MAY, and on SATURDAY, 7th JUNE, 1930 (Weather Permitting), may be obtained at the Race Course, Horse Koro Club, and CAUSEWAY BAY STABLES.

Entries to CLOSE at NOON on THURSDAY, 5th MAY, and at NOON on THURSDAY, 27th MAY 1930, respectively. [9350]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD. (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at the HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 30th MAY, 1930, at 11 O'CLOCK A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Accounts to 31st December, 1929, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

By Order of the Board, PAUL LAUDER, General Manager, Hong Kong, 5th May, 1930. [9350]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD. (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-FIRST ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 30th MAY, 1930, at 11.15 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Accounts to 31st DECEMBER, 1929, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

By Order of the Board, PAUL LAUDER, General Manager, Hong Kong, 5th May, 1930. [9351]

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE CO., LTD. (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-FOURTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 30th MAY, 1930, at 11.20 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Accounts to 31st DECEMBER, 1929, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

By Order of the Board, PAUL LAUDER, General Manager, Hong Kong, 5th May, 1930. [9352]

NOTICE. CLASSIFICATION LIST.

THE Classified List of Headings, under which ALL GOODS Imported to and Exported from Hong Kong must be declared to the STATISTICAL BRANCH of the Imports and Exports Department, under the Registration of Imports & Exports Ordinance 1925, is now ready and may be obtained from the STATISTICAL BRANCH of the DEPARTMENT of CUSTOMS & EXCISE, ARCADE, Price 50 cents.

W. SCHOFIELD, Assistant Superintendent, Imports & Exports, 2/6/30. [9357]

WATSON'S High Class Aerated Waters

The finest materials, Real Fruit Juices, the purest Cane Sugar, and the purest of pure Sparkling Water, are used in their manufacture.

Specialties:—

BREWED GINGER BEER, GINGER ALE

DRY GINGER ALE, Pints and Splits.

"FORMAZONE," Pints and Splits.

ORANGE SQUASH

LEMON SQUASH

LIME SQUASH

CARBONATED GRAPE JUICE, Pints and Splits.

"PYERIS" SPARKLING TABLE WATER, Pints and Splits.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Aerated Water Manufacturers.

Established 1841.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

OUR SHOP has now been REMOVED to No. 60, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

KWONG WO, Jewellers & Silk Dealers. [9352]

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FULLY furnished, Five-Roomed HOUSE with Modern Conveniences, from Middle May for about Five Months. Apply Box No. 9354. [9355]

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"PEAK MANSIONS"

Six-roomed & Five-roomed Apartments

PRINCE EDWARD ROAD, KOWLOON.

Detached and Semi-detached Villas Modern Construction with Garage.

"CAMBAY BUILDINGS"

Flats with Modern Conveniences.

ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of THE HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS January to June, 1929. WITH INDEX, PRICE—\$7.50. On Sale at the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

ON SALE.

HONG KONG HANDBOOK REPORTS of the MEETINGS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session 1929.

Revised by MEMBERS. PRICE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.30 p.m., stated:—

The depression has probably entered the Sea of Japan. A weak anticyclone has developed over the Lower Yangtze Valley.

Local Forecast:—S. to E. winds; fine at first; cloudy; with rain later.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. 30351. Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511. London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

Hong Kong, May 6, 1930.

KULAKS, COMMUNISTS, AND CIVIL WAR.

EVENTS appear to be moving very rapidly in the North toward another disastrous clash of arms between rival factions. It is early yet to venture an opinion as to the probable extent, and possible consequences, of this latest outbreak of civil war, but present indications point to the likelihood of fighting on a wide front and a big scale, with the possibility of results proportionately large. The effects on China's industries and commerce of this renewal of the old struggle between North and South will be felt over a much wider area than that affected by the actual fighting which takes place, and there may be further reactions arising out of two other factors which are causing the Nanking authorities some anxiety: A very large number of Russians (not Communists) are making their way into the Northern provinces from Siberia, with the object of settling there. At the same time a very large number of Chinese (who are very definitely Communists) from South China are said to be making their way into the Northern provinces, in the hope of unsettling matters rather than settling down. These two contrasting types of immigrants may quite easily complicate the Nanking-Peking struggle for power.

Chinese newspapers in the North are filled with reports of the immigration of Russian "kulaks" into North Manchuria. This movement has become so large, the Chinese papers say, that the Soviet Government is alarmed, and is doing everything possible to prevent peasants from crossing the border.

Detailed accounts of the activity of Soviet police on the Siberian-Manchurian border are printed; but whether these are true or not cannot be ascertained. It is reported that Russian guards have been placed along the border on all roads leading into Manchuria, and that kulaks are forbidden to leave Russia. At night the border is illuminated by searchlights, while airplanes patrol the frontier during the day on the lookout for large parties of peasants. While these reports appear considerably exaggerated, independent confirmation has been obtained of the fact that thousands of kulaks have entered Manchuria, and are attempting to arrange for land, especially in the undeveloped regions along the new Chinese railways. The kulaks do not wish to settle along the Chinese-Eastern Railway, because of the dominant Soviet influence in that territory, but so far as can be learned, Soviet officials are not attempting to interfere in any way with the kulak immigrants.

Meanwhile Shansi officials are said to be much alarmed by the rapid increase in Communist activity in schools and factories. Hundreds of arrests have been made, and detectives are watching the national universities in Peking very closely. It has become fashionable in China to shout "Communism is the only way to progress," by anybody else, but the authorities insist they have definite proof that these are real Communists, members of the Chinese Communist Party which has become powerful

in three or more of the Southern Provinces. The movement, whether it has affiliations with the Communists in the South or not, is certainly influenced by the Chinese Communist Party, and the only question is whether various recent incidents in North China are instigated from the same source.

After years of uncertainty and disorder, the Universities in Peking and Tientsin quieted down during the past year, and students have let the authorities run the schools instead of insisting that they decide finally upon everything done, but last Easter disturbances again broke out. A group of students, numbering 200, from the National University (Peits), disturbed the Easter services at the Chinese Independent Christian Church, announced that they had taken over the place, put guards at the doors, and two of their number forced the congregation to listen to anti-religious talks. There was only one foreigner present at this service, and she declares that the disturbers were almost all Southerners, because although she understands the Northern Chinese well, she could not understand half that they said. The students who broke up the Easter service were arrested later, when they attempted to interrupt the Y.M.C.A. Easter service. They had distributed thousands of handbills attacking religion and foreigners generally. Other students at the National University discussed a strike, but the Mayor, CHAN YIN WU, sent troops to the school and warned them to keep quiet.

Another incident recently reported illustrates the spread of Communist agitation in the North. The Kailan Mining Administration has been planting acacia trees for years on its properties at Tongshan, north of Tientsin, in order to obtain props for the mines. Recently Chinese farmers in the vicinity cut down and carried off 65,000 trees. The police discovered handbills, signed by the Tongshan Municipality Committee of the Chinese Communist Party, and urging the farmers to cut down the Kailan Company's trees as a protest against imperialism. The handbills referred contemptuously to the Kuomintang as "hunting-dogs of the Imperialists," a familiar phrase in Communist propaganda. With the disturbance of peace and confidence accompanying the outbreak of another North-South struggle, the Communists will find many opportunities for stirring up further trouble. With large numbers of Russian citizens roaming about in Chinese territory in search of land on which to settle, there is a possibility of still further complications which makes the outlook gloomy indeed.

News and Views.

A clean bill of health was returned for the Colony last Sunday.

Today being the anniversary of the accession of H.M. The King, H.M. Ships will be dressed overall. H.M.S. Tamar will fire a salute at noon.

A Te Deum will be sung on the occasion of the blessing of the new Chapel of St. Paul's Institution at Causeway Bay, at 3.30 p.m. on Saturday.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending April 19 amounted to 115,211 tons, and the sales during the period to 103,146 tons.

At the Marine Court yesterday, Comdr. J. B. Newell, D.S.O., R.N., fined the master of a junk \$10 for leaving the harbour during prohibited hours without a permit.

A wooden junk drifted on to H.M.S. Moorhen in West River Delta on the night of Saturday, April 3. H.M.S. Moorhen sustained very slight damage, whilst the junk was damaged externally.

The wedding of Mr. F. S. Fernando and Miss Carmen Garcia with take place at 4 p.m. on May 17 at the Rosary Church, Kowloon, after which there will be a reception at No. 37 Jordan Road, Kowloon.

We have received a copy of the April number of *The Yellow Dragon*, the official organ of Queen's College, a feature of which is a group photograph of the College Staff and pupils taken in March last.

A Chinese who was arrested at the Mongkok Ferry Wharf for having in his possession nine poppy tickets, was fined \$25, or three weeks' hard labour, when he appeared before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

At the Kowloon Magistracy a Chinese was sentenced to three months' hard labour when he admitted a charge of unlawful possession of a quantity of water pipes. Defendant's record showed that he had a previous conviction for stealing.

For carrying a goose with its head hanging down for a period longer than the "legal" ten minutes, the owner of the bird was summoned before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday on a charge of cruelty and fined \$5.

Pleading guilty to a charge of possession of 13 taels of raw opium, Mr. C. E. L. Grist, on behalf of a Chinese, yesterday asked the Kowloon Magistracy to take a lenient view of the case. He explained that defendant was not a trafficker but a smoker. His Worship imposed a fine of \$250, or one month's hard labour.

The Kowloon Police, in their efforts to clear the approaches of the "T" Pier at Kowloon Point of all obstructions and loitering coolies, arrested four men who were found idling on the wharf during the week-end. The defendants, who appeared before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy, were each fined \$1.

A notification in the Harbour Office states that on the day of arrival of Sir William Peel, K.B.E., C.M.G., Governor-Designate of Hong Kong, on Friday next, May 9, H.M. Ships are dressing ship overall with flags at 8 a.m. and will haul down 2 hours after the arrival of His Excellency. Ships of the Mercantile Marine are invited to comply.

"One Hysterical Night," starring Reginald Denny, which is showing at the Queen's Theatre, was rehearsed in Denny's mountain cabin at Lake Arrowhead, California. Denny, who wrote the story and dialogue, and Director William James Craft assembled the cast at Denny's luxurious cabin, and rehearsed the entire play before moving to the Universal studios, where it was filmed.

Following an attempted assault on a dresser of the Kwong Wah Hospital during a game of cards by a Chinese who had a previous conviction for larceny, the incident was reported to the Police, who had the man arrested. On a search being made, a file was found concealed in his girdle. When accused appeared before the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday charged with the possession of an instrument fit for an unlawful purpose, he was sentenced to three months' hard labour.

"When I married Mr. Chamberlain he was in business, with no thought of politics. No doubt, he would never have gone into politics, but for me." Mrs. Neville Chamberlain told a meeting of Conservative women at Leamington recently. Mr. Neville Chamberlain said:—"When I asked her to take care of me I had no thought of going into politics. I have wondered to myself what her answer would have been if she could have foreseen the future. Now she has supplied her own answer."

Ronald Colman goes back to his first love in "Condemned," his new all-talking picture which comes to the Queen's Theatre on Wednesday. After having tried his hand at comedy-drama in "Bulldog Drummond," his first talker, Colman has returned to the fastnesses of romantic drama. "Condemned" is a story of Devil Island, the notorious penal colony. In it Colman is seen as a lovable renegade who is redeemed by a woman's ennobling love. Ann Harding, and Dudley Digges, both Broadway favourites, and Louis Wolheim are in the supporting cast.

Among the passengers arriving in Hong Kong by the s.s. President Madison are Mrs. Raai Purcell and Miss Margaret Keating, both of whom are prominent in social circles in the United States. They are en route for Saigon, whence they will continue their way round the world. The through passengers include Miss Alita Davis, the niece of Governor-General Dwight Davis of the Philippines. Miss Davis is on her way to San Francisco. Another passenger on the vessel is Mr. G. C. Howard, the American Trade Commissioner of the Philippines, going to the United States.

Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Japanese Ambassador to France, will sail from Yokohama for Marseilles on the Hakone-maru on May 8. The Ambassador was formerly Japanese Minister to China and is a veteran of the diplomatic service. He has been in active conversation with Baron Shidehara, Foreign Minister, for some weeks following his return from French Indo-China, where he investigated possibilities of a new commercial treaty between Japan and the French Asiatic possessions. In the Paris Embassy Mr. Yoshizawa will succeed Dr. Adachi, who has been mentioned as a nominee for one of the Judges of the Permanent Court of International Justice of the League of Nations at The Hague.

An accident occurred on the Castle Peak Road on Sunday which might have had very serious consequences, but happily most of the damage done was sustained by the car. Mrs. Evans (wife of the First Assistant at the Observatory) was driving out to Castle Peak when, in avoiding a cyclist at 13-mile Beach, the car skidded and went off the road on to the beach, running into one of the matcheds. The car was badly damaged, but Mrs. Evans fortunately escaped with a few bruises. After recovering from the shock, a passing motorist drove her out to join her friends at Castle Peak, where some anxiety was being felt owing to her non-arrival. The damaged car was towed back to Kowloon yesterday.

Learning that Hungary's beauty queen, "Miss Hungary" (Miss Mary Papp), was about to set out for Los Angeles for the beauty show which is to elect "Miss Universe," Mr. Tomandvitch, a very rich landowner, decided to see the beauty himself. He drove to the modest apartments where "Miss Hungary" lives in Budapest with her mother; and—met his fate. Instead of setting out for Los Angeles as "Miss Hungary," Miss Mary will now go to a beautiful castle as Madame Tomandvitch.

The daughter of a Nottinghamshire miner who has worked as a waitress in the Carl Rosa Opera Company's latest recruit. She is Myra Liebrick. Although only 20, she is said to have a voice of remarkable range and power. Before coming to Nottingham, the girl worked in Manchester, where she spent part of her earnings in singing lessons. Taking up a post in a Nottingham cafe, she resumed her studies, with the result that when the opera company visited Nottingham recently she was given an audition.

An attempt to refloat Russian and Japanese warships sunk outside Port Arthur during the Russo-Japanese War, will be started this month by Rear-Admiral Fukui, retired, of the Japanese Navy. The Admiral has obtained a concession from the Japanese Government for the work and probably will start with the Russian cruiser Sebastopol, which lies in comparatively shallow water. The hulks of four Japanese and two Russian warships have lain on the bed of the ocean off Port Arthur for 25 years, but Admiral Fukui believes they will be well worth salvaging. The wrecks probably will be dynamited on the bottom and lifted in sections. A new type of electrically-operated air-compressor invented by the Admiral will be used in the operations.

Whisky Bequest.

A ten-gallon cask of whisky was bequeathed to his "old and dear friend," George M. Muir Wood, by Mr. Edward Percy Thompson, of Bodimede-cottages, Elstree, Herts, architect, who left £5,192. He stated: "It is my desire, but without imposing any condition, that he shall from time to time, when the contents of the said cask shall reach the level of the tap now in the middle at the end of the cask, refill the said cask with five gallons of Scotch whisky, so that the said cask shall not from time to time be tilted to draw off the contents." Another of his bequests was a copper wash-bowl from Newgate Prison, which was pulled down in 1833. He ordered it to be polished "before it is handed to Charles Griffin Lawson. It is meant for use as a rose-bowl."

Treatment for Leprosy.

The Philippine Islands, where much of the world's most important work in the treatment of leprosy has been achieved, is to try a new departure. Officials of the Philippine Health Service have found that chaulmoogra oil, the costly medicine used in the treatment of leprosy, has its equal in carpotroche oil, which has the same curative effect and which is cheaper. As early as 1890 carpotroche oil, called "acetic de pap d'ange" by the Brazilians, was analysed. It was not, however, used for experimental treatments in any great degree until 1908. At leper stations at Culoan and other places in the Philippines chaulmoogra oil has been used consistently to treat leprosy. But now, according to Dr. Jose P. Bantog of the Philippine Health Service, carpotroche oil is to be substituted for the more expensive fluid. Much of the work done in perfecting carpotroche was done at Rio de Janeiro. Chaulmoogra and carpotroche may be used interchangeably.

Looking Back 25 Years.

Philatelists in the Postal Department should take warning from the punishment meted out to Chan Yuk, a postman, not to remove postage stamps from letters. Chan was caught in the act, and at the instance of the Postmaster-General was charged with the offence before Mr. F. A. Hazeland at the police-court yesterday. Mr. Johnson informed His Worship that this practice was being carried on to a great extent of late, and asked that such a sentence be inflicted as would act as a deterrent to others in the Department. The defendant was sentenced to four months' hard labour. The case may perhaps explain where some of the undelivered letters go.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, May 6, 1905.

Looking Back 50 Years.

A novel and ingenious method of smuggling was detected yesterday by P. C. Bond. He noticed a Chinaman walking along in Queen's Road carrying a red bag, which appeared to be heavy. Something suspicious in the man's manner induced the constable to examine the bag, when he discovered what appeared to be a large German sausage, which, however, proved to be filled with opium. The man, who weighed 2 lbs. 14 oz., was worth some \$25. The man was taken before the police magistrate charged with smuggling, and was fined \$25, the opium being confiscated.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, May 8, 1930.

RENDITION OF WEIHAIWEI.

TERMS OF THE CONVENTION.
NO COMPENSATION TO BE PAID.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 5.
The Convention for the rendition of Weihaiwei consists of twenty articles, two annexes and an agreement. The articles are:—

(1) Announces that the territory of Weihaiwei including all islands and Weihaiwei Bay are hereby returned to China.

(2) Abrogates the 1898 lease.

(3) States that the British garrison shall be withdrawn within a month of the enforcement of the Convention.

(4) That all useful archives and title-deeds, etc., shall be handed over to China.

(5) That all lands and buildings belonging to the British Government shall be presented to the Nationalist Government of China.

(6) That all property and purchases shall be handed over without compensation.

(7) That the Chefoo-Weihaiwei cable and Government stores including those detailed in Annex I, shall be presented to the Nationalist Government.

(8) That all civil hospitals including land, buildings and equipment in Port Edward and Wenchuan-tang shall be handed over free of charge.

(9) That all land previously owned by the Chinese Government or subsequently acquired by the British Government and all Crown lands on Likiep shall be returned to the Nationalist Government.

(10) That the transfer of the administration and public properties in Weihaiwei shall take place on the day the Convention is enforced.

(11) That after the rendition the Nationalist Government agrees to maintain as far as possible the existing regulations including taxes and policing.

(12) China ensures the validity of title deeds, mortgage deeds, etc., issued by the British Government to Chinese landowners in Weihaiwei.

British Leases to be Recognised.

(13) States that all land titles held by foreigners shall be exchanged for Chinese deeds of perpetual lease; all British leases will be recognised by the Nationalist Government; if Weihaiwei is transformed to be a Chinese naval base a joint Sino-British commission will be appointed to determine a fair compensation for foreign property-owners and leaseholders.

(14) The Nationalist Government agrees to maintain the existing public services including telephones and telegraphs.

(15) Validates the pre-rendition decisions of the British Law Courts after rendition.

(16) Unless China decides to reserve Weihaiwei as a naval base the Nationalist Government agrees to maintain it as an area for international residence and trade.

(17) Chinese local authorities agree to ascertain the views of foreign residents in municipal matters affecting the latter's welfare and interests.

(18) Unless Weihaiwei is reserved exclusively as a naval base the Nationalist Government agrees to lease to the Government of the United Kingdom free of charge for thirty years "with option of renewal by holders" certain islands and buildings detailed in Annex II, the Senior District Officer's house and grounds and cemetery at Likiep-tao, block "A" barracks, recreation ground and golf course.

(19) Lighthouses and buoys and other aids to navigation be transferred to the Nationalist Government free of charge and to be maintained by competent Chinese authorities.

(20) The Convention shall be ratified on or before October 1, 1930, and shall be enforced from the date ratifications are exchanged with Nanking.

The Convention was signed at Nanking on April 18, 1930.

The Agreement consists of six articles with an annex covering the loan of certain buildings and facilities on Likiep-tao by the Nationalist Government to Britain for use by the British Navy as a sanatorium and summer resort for ten years with option for renewal.

The Agreement provides for the efficient maintenance of the existing system of roads, wharves, police, sanitation, etc., on Likiep-tao. It also states that His Majesty's ships from April to October inclusive shall be accorded with rights of anchorage, target practice, landing men for drill and rifle practice after obtaining Chinese authorities' permission, which is renewable yearly, and also importing, storing and transshipping of naval stores including the storage of 6,000 tons of coal.

UGLY INCIDENT IN CAPE PROVINCE.

FIVE KILLED: SEVENTEEN INJURED.
COMMANDANT FELL WITH AXE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WORCESTER, Cape Province, May 5.

Five coloured people were killed, 17 injured, the Commandant of Police seriously wounded and two constables wounded during a fight between fourteen armed police and a mob of drink-maddened coloured people armed with knives and knobkerries. The police had to fire in order to protect the Commandant who was felled with an axe. Fifty armed police are being rushed to Worcester from Capetown.

Cause of Outbreak.

The immediate cause of the outbreak was the action of Major Thomas, Chief of the Capetown Criminal Investigation Department, who arrived here during the weekend to investigate the native trouble when he arrested a native whom he noticed earlier leading a rifle during a meeting of the African National Congress.

As two detectives motored off with the native, Major Thomas and a detective who remained behind were attacked and stoned by the mob and narrowly escaped. The natives later started fighting among themselves. Nineteen police arrived as one was being stabbed and while effecting the arrest of the stabber he was shot dead, then Captain Barter was felled with an axe. Major Thomas shot the axeman but a native woman slashed Captain Barter's throat with a knife. The police then fired but were compelled to retreat among a crowd of native waiting women who were seeking their dead and injured.

Stolen Detonator Explodes.

MYSTERY OF INDIAN ARSENAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

POONA, May 4.
Six people were injured, two seriously, in a mysterious explosion at Kirkee in the midst of a number of Indians who were apparently decamping with a large detonator stolen from the local Arsenal, where some of them are believed to have been employed.

The injured men have been taken to hospital. Serious revelations in the affair are expected.

NEW AIR LINE.

DUTCH ENTERPRISE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SYDNEY, May 5.
A representative of the Dutch East Indies Air Line states that the company has decided to start in October a service between Sourabaya, Darwin, Brisbane and Sydney for which they are specially building a couple of three-engined Fokker aeroplanes each capable of carrying a ton of mail and twelve passengers. Australian travellers will thus be able to reach Holland in thirteen days.

AUSTRIAN CHANCELLOR LEAVES LONDON.

PRESENTED TO THE QUEEN.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, May 4.
Dr. Schober, Austrian Chancellor, had a long talk with the King when he was received by His Majesty at Windsor Castle yesterday. He was presented also to the Queen.

This was the first official visit of an Austrian statesman to Windsor since the war.

Dr. Schober left London in the afternoon for Vienna. Among those on the platform at Victoria Station were Mr. Arthur Henderson, Foreign Secretary, and Sir Robert Vansittart, Permanent Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

To press representatives, the Chancellor was enthusiastic about his welcome by the King and Queen and expressed his great satisfaction with the reception accorded him in official circles. He was specially gratified with the British newspaper articles appreciative of his work as a political leader of Austria and was particularly impressed by the term "New Austria" frequently used by writers.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

WORKERS TRAPPED ON TOP FLOOR.
ONE MAN KILLED: OVER HUNDRED INJURED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 5.

One man was killed and over a hundred men were injured, four of whom are not expected to recover, by an explosion at Bibby's Oil Cake Works in Liverpool. It is believed the catastrophe was the result of internal combustion. The injured were trapped on the top floor.

Six of the injured died in hospital.

SOLO FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA.

PLUCKY YOUNG LADY LEAVES CROYDON.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 5.

Miss Amy Johnson, aged twenty-two, left Croydon at 8 o'clock this morning in a tiny Moth aeroplane, named "Jason," to attempt a solo flight to Australia.

ROYAL ACADEMY BANQUET.

ART A SIGN OF CIVILISATION.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, May 4.

The banquet at the opening of the Royal Academy was held last night and there was the usual distinguished assemblage. Replying to the toast of the Royal Academy, the Duke of York expressed the opinion that the efforts to improve the conditions of life in the great industrial centres must start from the belief that ordinary health and contentment are essential to vigorous and successful life in the body politic.

In fact, no refinements of civilisation can be built where there is no stability of wealth without the general welfare of people.

Fine arts, he said, are perhaps the surest sign of genuine civilisation and the greatest memorial that a generation can leave behind it. Of the educational value of art there can be no doubt. It is a potent means of elevating and enabling a nation's morals and therefore it should be protected and encouraged by those who have the direction of a nation's affairs.

The Modern Warrior.

Lord Thomson, Secretary for Air, replying to the toast of the Forces of the Crown, said no human being could force what the development of armaments would be. One might be dismayed to think that a machine might outstrip human spirit. The soldier, sailor and airman of today were vastly different from the men who joined the Forces forty years ago. They had a different outlook. Many were highly skilled in technicals.

They had to be men capable of controlling their nervous system under peculiarly appalling conditions. They were not conscripts and not mercenaries; they were citizens who had adopted the great profession of arms and were prepared and anxious to live up to their high calling. They were waiting with quiet confidence for any trials which might come.

Replying to the toast of His Majesty's Ministers, Lord Parmoor said that art culture was as essential in the system of national education as the teaching of industry and science and suggested that it should stand as a barrier against what was not unfairly designated as the growing mechanisation of human life and action.

He felt that the British School of Art was not adequately represented in art exhibitions abroad and thought the Royal Academy and the Government in co-operation with others should promote in other countries the chosen masterpieces of British artists and of great master craftsmen at different periods.

NECKLACE SCANDAL IN NEW YORK.

ARCHDUKE'S FINGER-PRINT TAKEN.

[UNITED PRESS.]

NEW YORK, April 24.—The Austrian Archduke Leopold surrendered to the New York district attorney to-day on a charge of grand larceny, in connection with the sale of the Archduchess Marie Theresa's G.400,000 Napoleon necklace.

submit to the indignity of having his fingerprints taken and placed on record at police headquarters in the same fashion as that of any burglar or pickpocket.

It is understood that the Archduke will enter a plea of "not guilty" to the charge.

ARREST OF GANDHI.

IMPRISONMENT DURING GOVERNMENT'S PLEASURE.
ELABORATE PRECAUTIONS TAKEN BY AUTHORITIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

JALAPUR, May 4.

Mahatma Gandhi, leader of the civil disobedience movement in India has been arrested at Jalapur under Regulation Twenty Five of 1927 and will be imprisoned during the pleasure of the Government of India.

Unknown Destination.

Gandhi arrived in custody at Borivli, near Bombay, where he was taken from the train and started under escort for an unknown destination.

BOMBAY, May 5.

Gandhi was arrested at Karadi near Jalapur, about 12.30 p.m. and placed in a special saloon for Ahmedabad which was attached to the Gujerat mail train going to Bombay. The train stopped about 6.30 a.m. at a level crossing near the Borivli suburban station, 23 miles from Bombay. Gandhi was then escorted by 3 European and 3 Indian police officers and placed in a police motor-car.

Europeans Supplied With Arms.

The news was known throughout Bombay at ten in the morning where the authorities have taken elaborate precautions. It is reported that both the regular and the auxiliary forces have been mobilised in case of trouble. European employees have been supplied with arms for use in the event of emergency.

Activities Viewed With Alarm.

The warrant under which Gandhi was arrested states "The Government views his activities with alarm and he is to be placed under restraint in accordance with regulation 25 of 1927. He will be imprisoned during the pleasure of the Government of India at Yeroda Jail in Poona."

The news of his arrest was announced throughout the country by Congress Volunteers clanging a bell and halting at street corners calling upon the public to observe a complete halt to-day and to-morrow and to attend a monster meeting in the evening.

Government's Statement.

BOMBAY, May 5.
A Government communique announcing Gandhi's arrest recounts the stages of his campaign of Civil Disobedience resulting in "a widespread defiance of law and order, and grave disturbances of the public peace throughout India," and declares "that events have shown that the laws of nature are inexorable and that the history of the earlier non-cooperation movement with the accompaniment of blood and fire would repeat itself if Gandhi's campaign was allowed to continue unchecked." The Government therefore in full consultation with the Government of India concluded that it was no longer possible to allow Gandhi to remain at large.

May I Clean My Teeth?

JALAPUR, May 5.
Gandhi was arrested in the dead of night. When the District Magistrate, the Police Superintendent, his deputy and a score of armed policemen arrived at Gandhi's camp the flashing of a torchlight revealed Mahatma asleep on his bed.

"Do you want me?" asked Gandhi waking immediately. "We have orders to arrest you," replied the Magistrate.

"Do you mind if I clean my teeth?" was Gandhi's next question.

The request was granted and he performed this important Indian ritual with dash using salt.

Gandhi then handed to a follower a letter for the Viceroy and affectionately said farewell to his volunteers; then carrying a portable spinning-wheel departed under escort.

Pleased With Travelling Arrangements.

POONA, May 5.
The three Police motor-cars with Gandhi arrived at Yeroda jail at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Gandhi when interviewed said he was pleased with the arrangements for his comfort during the journey.

Government will allow Gandhi a hundred rupees monthly for food and also food allowances for his subordinates. Colonel Thomas, a Bombay Presidency surgeon, examined Gandhi before the journey and pronounced him fit to travel.

(Continued at foot of next column).

DISASTROUS FIRES IN AMERICA.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS.
MILLIONS OF DOLLARS DAMAGE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, May 5.

Hundreds have been rendered homeless and scores of small communities suffer losses amounting to millions of dollars as the result of a series of outbreaks of fire on the Eastern seaboard which were aggravated by high wind.

The most disastrous outbreak was at Nassau, New Hampshire, where five hundred are homeless and over two hundred houses and several business establishments have been destroyed by a conflagration which started in a wooden bridge over the river, spreading to a timber plant it soon became beyond control.

Householders piled their property in the streets only to see it disappear in huge bonfires. The loss at Nassau is estimated at 2,500,000 dollars. Mercifully there were no casualties.

New York City was encircled by grass fires, which spread in some cases to woods and destroyed a number of farm buildings.

On Staten Island summer bungalows were destroyed. In the area of Long Island it is estimated that there is a hundred square miles of dotted brush grass fires.

In Southern New Jersey flames destroyed thousands of acres of scrub oak and jack pine, and also destroyed a score of forester's homes. Damage in this district is estimated at from one to two million dollars.

COMMUNIST DOCUMENTS IN AMERICA.

RUSSIAN COMPANY'S THREAT OF DAMAGE SUIT.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, May 4.
According to Mr. Whalen, the Police Commissioner of New York, no investigation of the alleged Communist documents which have been seized by detectives is possible at present. Mr. Whalen explains that the Police Department is still engaged in obtaining information with regard to certain Communist groups.

He made this statement in a reply to a letter from M. Bogdanov, the chairman of the Amtorg Trading Corporation which is regarded as a veiled threat of a damage suit.

In the letter to the Police Commissioner, M. Bogdanov demanded a thorough joint investigation of the seized documents and protested against the damage which the Amtorg Trading Corporation and its American business associates might suffer as a result of publication of the document had the charges made in connexion with them by Mr. Whalen.

THE DEPRESSION IN UNITED STATES.

[UNITED PRESS.]

NEW YORK, April 22.—A statement issued to-day by the Guaranty Trust Co. said that it was not clear at the present time whether a genuine nation-wide business improvement had begun, although an increase in construction contracts had relieved the situation in some cities.

The company believed that the worst of the depressed period was over, but little tangible progress was being displayed at the time. Coming months, it was hoped, would show gradual though probably irregular improvement.

New York sugar prices, it was pointed out, were the lowest since 1902.

Seven Agitators Arrested.

PERHAW, May 5.
The local Congress Committee have distributed copies of their correspondence with the notorious Mullah, aged seventy-three, Fazli Wahid belonging to Tarangzai, near Charadada, who has considerable influence with the neighbouring tribes, in which it is stated he is raising an Army of a hundred thousand men and is willing to advance to the Peshawar District at the committee's invitation, hitherto.

As a sequel to the foregoing publication the Police and Military raided the Headquarters of the Congress organisations seized documents and arrested seven of the leading agitators and ten ruffians who are well-known gang leaders.

CAPTIVE'S HEAD ON A POLE.

GHASTLY SEQUEL TO UNPAID RANSOM.
ATROCIOUS VENDETTA BY BANDIT GANG.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

While walking to his rice fields, a farmer was startled by a ghastly sight at Wongtong in Honam Island (opposite Canton City) on Friday morning last—a human head fixed on a pole by the roadside.

The man ran back to the village and told the populace what he saw, and the latter hurried to the place in large numbers to satisfy their curiosity. They found, alongside the head, a "notification" from a bandit gang under the notorious Lo Kai Hung. According to the inscription, the head was that of a man named Li Kai, whom they beheaded for not being ransomed, to serve as a warning to other captives.

It appears that Li Kai was the son of a cloth factory proprietor in the Island and was kidnapped, together with his uncle named Li Kwong, some time ago. A big ransom was demanded, but the captives' family was unable to pay the sum required, with the result that Li Kai was beheaded. The notification warned their captives' family that Li Kwong would also lose his head in case he was not ransomed in a week.

The authorities in Canton have been requested to deal with the affair.

SALT AND CUSTOMS REVENUES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 5.

The Kuomin (official) agency learns that the Foreign Ministry is shortly despatching a Note to the Foreign Governments concerned regarding the detention by the North-erners of the Salt and Customs revenues at Tientsin.

SINO-JAPANESE TARIFF AGREEMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, May 5.

The signing of the Sino-Japanese Tariff Agreement is expected to take place to-morrow.

REBEL TROOPS MUTINY.

NANKING, May 5.
According to reports from North Anhwei part of the rebel troops under Sun Tien Ying have mutinied and are fleeing westwards to Honan Province. Government troops have been instructed to advance along the Lunghai Railway from Hanchow in order to overtake the vacated garrison posts.

SALE OF MAJESTIC HOTEL. PROFIT OF HALF A MILLION TEALS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 5.

The Majestic Hotel property has again changed hands, the new purchasers being the Shanghai Land Investment Company. The purchase price is 2,700,000 taels representing forty-seven thousand taels per mou.

It is understood that the previous owners make a profit of half a million taels on the resale.

ARMED GUARDS FOR SHANGHAI BUSES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 5.

The bus and tram strike continues, but a skeleton service of the buses is being maintained by the Russians, now operating the underground system, selected from Chinese who have returned to work. As a protection against strikers and agitators, buses are travelling under armed guard, while windows are protected by heavy wire netting.

TRANQUIL MAY DAY IN SWATOW.

OCCASION PASSES UNEVENTFULLY.
STRINGENT PRECAUTIONS BY AUTHORITIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Contrary to expectations, May Day in Swatow was unusually quiet this year, according to a report to hand.

Swatow has been the headquarters for the activities of Communists in Eastern Kwangtung, and formerly May Day was celebrated there with much enthusiasm when tens of thousands of workers, farmers and students were wont to parade throughout the city distributing handbills and shouting slogans. Since the anti-Communist campaign, disturbances were created during the anniversary except this year.

The orderliness this time was the result of the stringent precautions adopted by the police and military forces. On the day in question, shops were open and students went to school as usual. The workers, however, suspended their labours and observed the day on the premises of their respective unions without incident. No Bolshevik literature was found in the streets, where large numbers of police and troops were posted to ensure peace and order.

BAD BUSINESS IN CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, May 5.

Owing to the incessant civil strife and the fall in the exchange business conditions in Canton are not all encouraging. The price of every daily necessity, including rice, has soared up to prohibitive heights, making living a problem increasingly difficult to tackle. This general depression is especially felt in labouring and agricultural classes who, with the rising cost of living, cannot make both ends meet. Thousands of people have been thrown out of work, owing to dullness in trade condition. According to a Police report made public to-day, 498 stores and shops in Canton were forced to close up during the first two months of the present year. These are divided as follows:—Dealers in rice and fuels, 89; in clothes, 62; in haberdashery, 63; in perfumery and cosmetics, 14; in books and writing materials, 10; in material for building construction, 87; miscellaneous dealers, 75; in real estate, 8; in furniture, 10; in insurance, 7; in general merchandise, 110; in other lines, 18; and three factories.

February was the worse of the two months in that more shops went into bankruptcy. While no official statistics are available for March, it is believed that the general business depression is even greater. As yet nothing is being done to revive trade. Merchants declare that nothing can be done with the war raging in Kwangsi.

ANNIVERSARY OF DR. SUN YAT SEN'S PRESIDENCY.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, May 5.

Canton is enjoying a general holiday to-day, being the anniversary of the inauguration of the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen as President of the Republic of China. All the Government buildings are decorated with flags, floral designs, and banners to commemorate the occasion. A popular celebration under the auspices of the Canton Kuomintang was held this morning at 10 o'clock in the Provincial Assembly. Every school, labour union, merchant guild, Government organ and other public organization participated in the celebration. Numerous speeches were made, upholding the action of Nanking in its present task of crushing the Yen-Feng coalition. Slogans were shouted out as usual. That the present regime in Canton is loyal to Nanking and to Chiang Kai Shek cannot be questioned. Both the student and labour elements have come out strongly in favour of Nanking. The students of the city in their annual celebration of the 17th Anniversary of the Students' Movement yesterday, issued a manifesto in support of Nanking. Yen Hsi Shan, Feng Yu Hsiang, and their allies, were bitterly denounced as traitors plotting for the downfall of the Central Government.

Sports News

SHANGHAI RACES.

SPRING MEETING.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

By the courtesy of the Hong Kong Club we are enabled to give the following results of the first day's racing at the Spring Meeting held in Shanghai yesterday.

The outstanding feature of the day's racing was the new record for the mile and three furlongs set by Bright Lad. This pony should be one of the favorites for the Champions which will be run to-morrow over the mile and a quarter. The pony was ridden by Mr. Haimovitch, who also has another likely mount for the Champions in Banquet Eve which covered a mile in just a fraction over 2 minutes and 2 seconds. Whether Banquet Eve can cover the extra quarter of a mile required for the big event remains to be seen. The old stalwart Wheatcroft won yesterday to show that he is still a big factor for to-morrow's principal race.

The full results are as under:—

1.—Wei-hai-wai Cup.

Seven Furlongs, for Third Class Ponies.
Mr. R. H. McNair's Martin Harvey (Mr. Rotho) 1
Messrs. Harry White & Son's Don Philippe (Mr. Jack) 2
Messrs. McEneaney and Sokoloff's Vechevock (Mr. Sokoloff) 3
Time: 1min. 49.1-seconds.

2.—Nanking Cup.

Three-quarters of a mile, for 4th Class Ponies.
Mr. Robson's The Original Bird (Mr. Brand) 1
Mr. A. V. White's Star of Chekiang (Mr. Deitz) 2
Mr. Day's Beautifuland (Mr. Dallas) 3
Time: 1min. 32.6-seconds.

3.—Hong Kong Plate.

Seven Furlongs, for 2nd, 3rd and 4th Class Ponies.
Mr. We Two's Young Bill (Mr. Maitland) 1
Mr. S. A. Judah's Black Diamond (Mr. Colaco) 2
Messrs. Lemarchand and Springfield's Chilly Eve (Mr. Springfield) 3
Time: 1min. 41.1-seconds.

4.—Griffins Plate.

Three-quarters of a mile, for Griffins of this Meeting.
Messrs. Winsome and Haas's The Golden Pheasant (Mr. Encarnacao) 1
Mr. M. M. Sokoloff's Dobrynia-Nikitich (Mr. Sokoloff) 2
Mr. We Two's Just Suppose (Mr. Noodt) 3
Time: 1min. 32.4-seconds.

5.—America Challenge Cup and Cathay Stakes.

One Mile and a Quarter, for all China Ponies (Y Class).
Mr. Liddell's Wheatcroft (Mr. Brand) 1
Mr. Eve's Busy Bee (Mr. Haimovitch) 2
Mr. Day's Cloverland (Mr. Dallas) 3
Time: 2mins. 41.4-seconds.

6.—The Flying Handicap, "A" Class: One Mile.

Mr. Elms Silver Cup (Mr. Needa) 1
Messrs. D. F. Landale and F. A. Pollock's Auchencarr (Mr. Jack) 2
Mr. Triumvirate's Rough Justice (Mr. Brand) 3
Time: 2mins. 44-seconds.

7.—The Flying Handicap, "B" Class: One Mile.

Mr. E. S. Hine's Pretoria (Mr. Pollock) 1
Mr. Cire's Bluebird (Mr. Haimovitch) 2
Mr. Shammoon and White's The Boy Friend (Mr. Colaco) 3
Time: 2mins. 7.3-seconds.

8.—The Chinese Cup and Criterion Stakes (Class).

One Mile, for all China Ponies (Y Class) to be ridden by Jockeys who have won at least five flat races in Hong Kong or China, or Jockeys approved by the Stewards.
Mr. Eve's Banquet Eve (Mr. Haimovitch) 1
Mr. Toeg's Alligator (Mr. Poto Hunt) 2
Mr. Lad's Firefly (Mr. Wells-Henderson) 3
Time: 2mins. 2.4-seconds.

9.—Pon Ma Ting Cup.

One Mile, for Griffins of this Meeting.
Messrs. Law and Hickling's Glen Prosen (Mr. Needa) 1
Mr. Lad's Fiery Lad (Mr. Noodt) 2
Mr. Eve's Conference Eve (Mr. Haimovitch) 3
Time: 2mins. 5.1-seconds.

10.—The Kiangsu Cup.

One Mile and three furlongs, for 2nd Class Ponies that have started in and not won a flat race at any of this Club's Extra Race Meetings.
Mr. Lad's Bright Lad (Mr. Haimovitch) 1
Mr. Day's Hurry On (Mr. Dallas) 2
Mr. Kenjoy's Apple Leaf (Mr. Brand) 3
Time: 2mins. 53.4-seconds. (record).

Hong Kong at Play.

SPORTS NOTES AND COMMENTS.

[By "BROADCASTER."]

When racegoers attend the meeting fixed for May 17, they will see some good sport, as the number of handicaps put into the programme is bound to provide plenty of thrills, both in the racing and in the pari-mutuels. Some of our best performers, however, will not be there, as they have been sent to "summer" in Shanghai. A big batch of them went North by the Empress of Asia on April 30, and as a matter of interest I give their names to readers:—The Tiger, The Ape, Lobster Bay, Deception Bay, King's Colony, Tonbridge, Boxing Eve, Misty Eve, Festive Eve, The Sun, Our Prince, Chivalrous, President Hall, Majestic Hall, Victory Hall, Bridge Hall, Gold Dragon.

Last year an experiment was tried in the handicaps to classify ponies under four classes, but at the next meeting we will see five class ponies contending. The critics are bound to be quite a good number in this class. By the way, I see that regular followers of form are keeping away from the course these summer days and there is an all-round naphth at the moment. One wonders whether the Colony has had too much racing during the last few months?

The bathing season is now in full swing and very soon competitive swimming will be the talk of the day. I have seen several of last year's stalwarts and they tell me the season will be a very big success, as there is a possibility of a Shanghai team visiting the Colony. One thing seems certain, and that is Hong Kong has good men in all departments, and the Northerners should they decide to come, will surely have a hard time. The inter-club rivalry, which was so keen last year, promises to be even more vigorous this season, and perhaps a few more records will go by the board.

I understand there will be a senior and a junior league in this year's water polo. It is the case, there ought to be some good games, particularly in the second division. The first division shield looks like an heirloom of the V.R.C. and I cannot see any team that will really extend them. The juniors will have a more open battle before them, as some of the Service teams, while not good enough in the major league, are quite capable of doing great things in the junior competition. By the way last year there was a great deal of misunderstanding right through the league and it is to be hoped that the work of making the rules clearer before the new season commences will not be overlooked. Loopholes, which allow a team to get points at the expense of a close rival should be stopped with the least possible delay.

A good number of years ago practically all athletics were held on the race track at Happy Valley until the Jockey Club decided to confine their course to horse-racing. Since then most of the schools have had to seek for fresh fields for their sports and although it was a difficult matter at first, most of the schools have by now found other venues where their sports meetings can be held in quite a satisfactory way. In this connection, many of the local clubs have come to the rescue. Two athletic meetings were held over the week-end. St. Joseph's College obtained the use of the South China ground at Caroline Hill, and athletes of the Sacred Heart English College met at the Kowloon Football Club's ground. There are many clubs who are also ready to throw open their grounds to various institutions for such meetings during the season, and it is gratifying to see that at a time when the Colony is complaining of scarcity of playing fields, the sporting communities have not forgotten the student by allowing him the use of their grounds.

One of the earliest schools to suffer following the ground problem was St. Joseph's College, as this institution maintained a high standard in athletics when they held their meetings at the Race Course. The standard of the meetings distinctly fell after that, and it was pleasing to note that during the last two years they have been recovering from this handicap. The management of the sports of St. Joseph's College held on Saturday was quite capable and there was keen competition in most of the races. A lengthy list of events were gone through and a good number of girls participated in some of the races. In spite of intermittent rainfall which held things for a while, the boys kept their spirits up and a good number were literally "singing in the rain," though some were under cover of the stand. A surprise in the day's events was the defeat of a team of old boys by the students of the Matriculation Class in the tug-of-war.

A good day's sport was also held by the Sacred Heart English College in ideal surroundings on Saturday at the Kowloon Football Club ground. As indicative of the changing times, a number of Chinese ladies graced the gathering. The writer can recall the time when sport of all kinds was abhorred by Chinese women. Prior to the distribution of prizes, Mr. J. S. Shak, the Headmaster, made a speech in which he remarked that one of the aims of the School was to produce perfect and all-round men, fit for all work. Judging from the number and keenness of the contestants, the School should have no difficulty in achieving this praiseworthy aim.

Taking into consideration the slippery nature of the ground, some really good times were registered at the Military athletic meeting at Sookunpoo. The 250 yards relay race, won by the Punjab team, averaged at 24.1-5 seconds per runner. It is generally thought by many that the Punjab is good for long distance running only, and it must have been a surprise to see the Indians winning in some of the sprinting events. Two bands enlivened matters during the afternoon by rendering musical selections, and an enjoyable day was spent by the large crowd that gathered at Sookunpoo on Saturday.

HOLLYWOOD REFORMS.

EFFECT OF BRITISH CENSURE.

The pungent criticism of American films which was made recently by the British Board of Film Censors is understood to be playing an influential part in persuading the heads of America's cinema industry to establish a new code of morals for their future pictures.

The chief officials of the Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America organisation were aware of the British censors' criticisms several weeks before they were given publicity in the newspapers. The British attitude, coupled with similar criticisms from many American patrons of the cinema, and the recent introduction of a Bill in Congress for the establishment of a Federal censorship over the cinema industry, is causing widespread disquietude among the Hollywood magnates.

It is now being proposed that a virtual censorship, operated by the cinema heads themselves, shall be formally established, and the first move in this direction was recently taken by the western group of motion picture producers, who considered new ethical principles for pictures.

The new code, as it is now being discussed by the cinema chiefs, is based on the principle that no picture hereafter shall be produced which tends to lower moral standards or ridicules law enforcement. Among the clauses which are being considered are:

- (1) No picture shall inspire sympathy for criminals.
- (2) Traffic in narcotics must not be represented.
- (3) Sanctity of marriage and home life shall be upheld.
- (4) Illicit sex relations whenever necessary for the plot shall not be treated attractively nor be shown as justifiable.
- (5) Scenes of passion must not be shown in a manner to stimulate the lower elements of human nature.
- (6) White slavery shall never be shown.
- (7) Obscenity, in word, gesture, reference, or song, shall be entirely eliminated.
- (8) Nudity or indecent or undue exposure shall be forbidden.
- (9) Salacious, indecent, or suggestive titles shall not be used.
- (10) The tenth and last of the new commandments is that no religious faith shall be ridiculed, and no clergyman shall be shown as a villain or as a comic character.

POSSESSED BY THE DEVIL.

PEASANT'S DELUSION.

Vasil Pavlic, a wood cutter of Kislovod, who was found by gendarmes hanging from the branch of a tree in Kislovod Wood, near Munkatch, was the victim of the still persistent belief current among the peasantry in the remote part of Central Europe—possession by the devil.

Investigation showed that Pavlic was formerly a typical peasant of Ruthenia, who became melancholy through family trouble. His neighbours, unable to understand how such a cheerful fellow should become suddenly gloomy, attributed the change to demoniacal possession. They made no secret of their belief, and in the end Pavlic himself became convinced that it was true. He paid the village priest the modest sum of 10 Czech kronen—about 7 d.—to perform the ceremony of casting out Satan, but, not unnaturally, the spell failed to cure his melancholy. In despair he hanged himself.

The peasants admitted to the gendarmes that they had known for some time when Pavlic was living in the wood, but that they had said nothing, "because it is wiser never to mention a person possessed of the devil." His family and neighbours refused to touch the body, and it had to be buried by the gendarmes.

WHY CAMBRIDGE WON THE BOAT RACE.

BROCKLEBANK THE HERO.

FAMOUS COXSWAIN DESCRIBES THE RACE.

J. A. Brown, coxswain of the winning Cambridge boat for four years—1924-7—gives the following description of the Boat Race on April 12:—

CAMBRIDGE COX CRITICISED.

Cambridge won the 82nd Boat Race because they were the better crew and because, above all, they rowed with the better judgment. For this they have their stroke to thank.

In fact, the Boat Race of 1930 may be justly called a personal triumph for Tom Brocklebank. He did just what was required of him, and as a result the men behind him rowed their very best.

Though led over the first three miles they were not hurried or flustered. They kept their heads, kept their rhythm and kept their length, and for this reason they were able later to row past their opponents and win the race.

The conditions at Putney were good. There was a fair breeze off the Surrey shore, and a good, but not a record-breaking, tide was running. Oxford in winning the toss and choosing the Surrey side gained a distinct advantage.

In the first minute Oxford took a lead of a quarter of a length by striking a stroke and a half more than Cambridge. Opposite the boathouses this lead had become half a length.

Stroke for Stroke.

Brocklebank did not allow this to disturb him or the men behind him in any way and, by keeping their stride, and length and rhythm, they managed to reduce Oxford's lead to a quarter of a length by the end of the football ground.

Here Cambridge had the better of the tide and the bend in their favour, and turned the quarter of a length down into a quarter of a length up.

Oxford, almost immediately, drew level again and at the mile post—reached in the fast time of four minutes dead—the crews were rowing stroke for stroke.

It was noticeable that this was about the only point during the race that Oxford were not striking a faster rate than Cambridge. Opposite the Crabtree Oxford gave ten strokes, and went up slightly.

Off Harrod's Cambridge, though more in the tide, got slightly across it, and Oxford went up a little more.

The crews shot Hammersmith Bridge in 7min. 10sec.; a fast time, with Oxford half a length up, and after that they ran into choppy water. Opposite the Doves Oxford were still half a length up, but Cambridge spurred and made a slight impression, though, being on the outside of the bend, they were unable to go up far.

As the crews turned into Corney Reach they met fairly rough water, but not too bad to row through. Just beyond the Stork Oxford, still of course on the inside of the bend, went away a little, but should have gone away a great deal more at this point to ensure victory.

As they came straight into the rough water Oxford were three-quarters of a length up with Cambridge again slightly across the tide and Oxford going away a little.

They reached Chiswick Steps in 11mins. 30sec.

At the crossing at the bottom of Duke's Meadows the Oxford cox, steering very well, put Swartwout across the tide. Admittedly it is comparatively easy for the leading coxswain, but Swartwout should not have given way as he did. Indeed, up to this point Burbridge steered distinctly well, and made the very most of his crew's lead.

However, Cambridge soon got straight again and then came the turning point of the race.

With smooth water and the bend in their favour Cambridge spurred magnificently and went up to pass Oxford in a way that was distinctly reminiscent of the boat race of 1927, when, it will be remembered, the same thing happened at this point.

Brocklebank's Triumph.

This was Brocklebank's triumph. He had kept his head and kept his crew steady and long up to this point, and then, just at the right moment, he rowed past and won.

After this there was no doubt about it Cambridge went away all along the enclosure and shot Barnes Bridge just clear of their opponents.

Oxford tried a spurt after Barnes, but made only a slight impression. The Cambridge cox was now steering really well.

From here to the finish Oxford, though fighting hard all the way, were obviously a beaten crew, and Cambridge rowed past the winning post in 19min. 5sec., two lengths ahead, after an extremely fine and well-judged race.

NELSON RELICS.

VICTORY FURNITURE TO BE SOLD.

SUGGESTED PURCHASE FOR THE NATION.

Captain Victor Cazaret, M.P., recently asked the Prime Minister if he was aware that the furniture which was once the property of Nelson, and which is now loaned to the Victory, is in negotiation to be sold, owing to the fact that its owner has to dispose of it. Captain Cazaret further asked if it would be possible for the Government to give an undertaking to contribute something towards its purchase in order that it should stay in England. The furniture consists of a wine cooler, a sideboard, and a dining-room table.

"It is most unfortunate that I have to dispose of the furniture," said Mr. Lawrence Feuerherd, the owner, "but my own personal needs necessitate this step. The furniture has been in my family for three generations, but like many other owners of heirlooms and treasures, the cost of living makes its continued ownership impossible. I have already refused a very big offer from America of several thousands of pounds, together with an offer to have a replica of the furniture made for my own personal use, but I refused it, although I need the money badly. I feel that it ought to remain in this country."

After the Battle.

The furniture has an interesting history. After the Battle of Trafalgar and the death of Nelson, the Victory put back into Rozia Bay to refit. The body of the Admiral was on board, for Captain Hardy had promised Nelson to bury him in England. In order to make room for the forecabin to be rigged as a temporary mortuary chapel, the furniture was removed and put ashore, when it was sold—possibly surreptitiously by the Admiral's steward, Chevalier, for an irregularity of behaviour on his part is referred to in a letter from Capt. Hardy to Lady Hamilton.

The purchaser of the furniture was Admiral Henry Warre, who left the suite in the care of his cousin, John Hatt Noble, then President and Treasurer of the British Association at Oporto (known as the Warre). Then in 1828 Admiral Warre died and the furniture became the property of Noble, and he left it to his son, Chas. Hatt Noble. In 1868 the latter retired from Oporto, and at the sale of his effects the suite was bought by the owner's grand father, who left it to his son, the owner's father, who in turn left it to the present owner.

The furniture was shipped back to England on May 26, 1928, per s.s. Cressado, and after being exhibited at the Gellrye Museum in London was placed in the fore-cabin of H.M.S. Victory on October 16, 1928, where it had stood at the time of the Battle of Trafalgar.

ASSASSINATION PLOT IN PERU.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Lima, Peru, April 24.—As a result of a plot to assassinate the President of Peru, a Government decree was issued suspending constitutional guarantees for the period of one month.

The conspiracy was headed by a former judge. A member of the Chamber of Deputies, one Jesus Urbina, and seven other men were also principals.



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Money and Markets

GOSSIP FROM THE SHARE-MARKET.

FIRM TONE PREVAILS EVERYWHERE: STEADY RISE IN PRICES.

FREE ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

[By "KUFAN"]

Gossip often moves the market, but no investor should either buy or sell on market gossip only.

There has been a good deal of excitement in the share-market during the past week, consequently the only thing to report is a steady rise in prices in almost every stock. There appears to be plenty of loose money available for share business, and this has had the effect of raising some stocks to what might be fairly called a "dangerous" level. The demand, however, is still very strong, owing to the glut of money in the market, but genuine investors would do well to wait until the rates recede slightly before doing anything.

The volume of business reported has been fairly large, one reason being rumours about the Tram-Hotel deal, which has led to much speculation in both stocks. What the outcome of the negotiations is, we shall know this week after the Tramway meeting, but in the meantime the brokers have had a good "whack" of commission out of those who are willing to take a chance with these stocks. The demand in Tramway shares eased off somewhat during the week, and there are not a few in the market who feel that even at present prices they appear to be slightly inflated.

Forward business during the week has been quite big, and from all accounts the June Settlement this year will be very heavy. It is likely, therefore, that there will be some rapid movement in the market during the month of June, when the work of "patching up" begins. The Shanghai market appears to have been fairly quiet. Ewos have been standing around Tls. 13.10 and Tls. 13.25 for quite a while. I cannot see any improvement in this stock, or for that matter, in the Shanghai market, until the summer is nearly over.

HONG KONG BANKS have been handled in small quantities at \$1,400 and \$1,405. This figure seems at the moment to be very high, but there are still buyers in the market at \$1,400 and sellers are holding out for \$1,410. They will probably get it.

CANTON INSURANCES are wanted at \$890, but are not easy to find. A few shares changed hands during the week at \$890, and since then buyers' ideas have gone up.

UNION INSURANCES: Quite a large number of shares changed hands at various rates between \$440 and \$470. There are further buyers at the latter figure.

CHINA UNDERWRITERS are wanted at \$1,300, after sales had been affected at \$1,400.

STEAMBOATS are easier, with sellers at \$26.

KOWLOON WHARVES took a bit of a jump, and after sales were reported at \$157 to \$168 closed for the week-end. It is probable that the latter figure. They will probably go higher this week.

CHINA PROVIDENTS: Shares are wanted at \$5.40, but do not appear to be plentiful.

HONG KONG HOTELS have been the medium of a fairly large business at various rates between \$12.65 and \$12.90. A big forward business was also done in this stock for June at \$13 and \$13.15. The closing cash rate was \$12.65 buyers and \$12.75 sellers.

HONG KONG REALTIES took a sharp jump on the strength of a rumour that they are selling certain property. A very large number of shares have changed hands at \$9.25 to \$9.60, and there were still buyers in the market on Saturday at the latter figure.

TRAMWAYS suffered a further setback, and shares have been done at rates varying between \$20.40 to \$26.80. Sellers were asking \$21 at the close of the week. A big forward business has been done in these shares.

STAR FERRIES also had a sharp rise, and sales took place during the week at \$77 to \$80. I think there are further buyers at the latter rate.

CHINA LIGHTS have also been the medium of a very large business at improved rates. Cash shares changed hands at \$24 to \$26. Old shares are still wanted at the latter figure.

HONG KONG ELECTRICS improved, and a fair business has

been done in this stock at \$74 to \$74.50, the market closing with buyers offering the latter price without finding sellers.

CEMENTS were sold at \$16.30, and closed on Saturday with sellers offering to meet all demands at \$16.25.

HONG KONG ROPES are wanted at \$8.10.

DAIRY FARMS have had a remarkable jump, and after sales had taken place at \$23.70 the price went up to \$25.25. They closed with buyers in the market at the latter rate.

LANE CRAWFORDS have improved slightly on the strength of a rumour which I am not inclined to broadcast. As much as \$3.50 was offered for shares.

AMUSEMENTS are a shade easy, buyers now offering only \$29 for shares and sellers are holding off for \$30.

EWOS: A few sales took place at Tls. 13.25 to Tls. 13.30, and I believe there are further buyers at Tls. 13.20.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Every week in this column "Kufan" replies to correspondents who may have questions to put regarding the prospects of any stock quoted in Hong Kong, Shanghai or Singapore. Questions regarding principles, practice, and custom can also be dealt with.

Correspondents are asked to address their queries to "Kufan," care of the Editor of this paper, and to give their names and addresses. It is desirable that a name de plume be also included, in order that readers can readily identify the answers intended for them.

Every effort will be made to give as full and detailed a reply as possible, but no responsibility whatever is admitted by the writer in so doing.

Those who have written for information last week will find answers to their queries below:—

A.B.C.—I do not think the stock is worth going in for at present rates, as I think the price is too high. During the months of July-August-September they should come down a little, and if you are thinking of buying that is a good time to get in. 2. While I cannot say they are good, I would not advise you to sell. Perhaps next week I can answer this question better. 3. No. Sell. 4. Must decline.

DINGDONG—I cannot agree with you that the stock has dwindled. From the quotations you will see that the price has gone up. The meeting is this week, when you will hear all about everything. If after that you want anything else cleared up, please write. Regarding your second question, the meeting is also fixed for this week. Please read the reports.

M.S.S.—Hold on. The latest figures are \$11.15 buyers and \$11.25 sellers. The last dividend was 10 per cent. There should be a revival during the next few months close up.

AMERICAN STOCK QUOTATIONS.

LATEST WALL STREET PRICES.

The following quotations have been received from their correspondents, Messrs. Hayden, Stone & Co., of New York, by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz, Sassoon House, Shanghai, (cable address: "Swanstock," Shanghai), who are not responsible for cable mutilations:—

Tone of Market—Irregular. New York, May 3, 1930.

No. of Shares done—4,500,000.

Call Money—3 1/2 per cent.

	Last Dividend.	Latest Sales.
American Smelting	4	68
Anacosta Copper	7	55
Baltimore and Ohio	7	112
Borg Warner	3	26
Chrysler Motors	30c. A	31
City Service Common	None	9
Curtis Wright Common	8B	224
Eastman Kodak	6C	95
Electric Bond and Share	None	46
Erie Railroad	3	46
General Motors	5	78
General Ry. Signal	2 1/2	42
Gold Dust	5	75
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	8	31
Granby Consolidated	5	44
Hudson Motors	1	31
International Cement	4	41
International Nickel	3	19
Montgomery Ward	None	48
Radio Corp	24D	53
Sears Roebuck & Co.	3E	32
Simmons Co.	1.60	35
Standard Oil Co. of New York	2.60	83
Union Carbide and Carbon	None	26
U.S. Rubber	7	174
United States Steel		

IMPORTS—PRICES CURRENT.

The reports and prices are published as supplied by Importers, and the Chamber cannot accept responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Imports	Prices	Current
Local market dull. Stocks heavy.		
IRON AND STEEL—Continental.		
Steel Nail Rods... per picul	\$6.10	
Steel Bars	5.45	
" Angles	5.45	
" Rods	5.55	
" Joists	5.25	
" Sheets	9.40	
" Plates	6.40	
Swedish Bars	15.00	
Small round rods	5.85	
Hoops, black steel	7.50	
Black Tubes 1 1/2" .. Discount 7 1/2% c. & f.	14.40	
Galv. Tubes 1 1/2" ..	8.70	
Wire Nails, 1 1/4" .. per picul	8.70	
Galvanized corrugated sheet ..	24/28 .. per 100 lbs. 24 G\$9.70	
Galvanized flat sheet, 1927 ..	10/4 .. per 100 lbs. 28 G\$9.60	
Galvanized 3/32" x 1/2" ..	13.75	
Galvanized wire 18/22 per picul	13.40	
LEAD—		
B.M. Spot	\$16.00	
To arrive	16.50	
Australian—B.H.P. Spot ..	16.50	
" To arrive	16.20	

Imports	Prices	Current
THE PLATES—		
English I.C.W., 20" x 14"	100 lbs. Spot .. per box 12.70	
English I.C.W., To arrive ..	18.00	
English I.C.W., 18 1/2" x 14"	110 lbs. Spot .. 13.40	
English I.C.W., To arrive ..	13.60	
American I.C.W. (Spot) 20" x 14"	100 lbs., 112 sheets per box. No stocks	
American I.C.W. To arrive 20" x 14"	100 lbs. 112 sheets .. per box \$15.50	

Imports	Prices	Current
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS—		
WHITE ROSE BRAND	per case \$5.78	
COMET BRAND	5.69	
COCK	5.63	
EAGLE BRAND	2 tins 5.20	
SOCOT MOTOR GASOLINE	per case 7.00	
SLITZ LIGHT	5.58	
CROWN BRAND	68 lbs. per 2 tins 5.20	
" 8 l. galls. 68 lbs. per bulk 4.90		
CROSS BRAND	71 lbs. per 2 tins 4.94	
" 8 l. galls. 71 lbs. per bulk 4.94		
LAMP GLASS	per 2 tins 5.12	
SUNEL MOTOR SPIRIT	per case 7.00	
" 2 tins 6.75		
" .. per bulk 6.25		
SCALE	per gallon (ex pump) 0.75	
YIN FOO	5.40	
YACCO MOTOR SPIRIT	per gal. ex pump 0.75	
Kerosene prices advanced by \$1.00 and Benzine by \$1.17 per unit of two tins or one case on 22/4/30.		

Imports	Prices	Current
COALS—		
KAIPING—No. 1 Lump	per picul \$16.80	
" No. 2 Lump	12.50	
" No. 1 Slack	10.40	
" No. 2 Slack	9.30	

Imports	Prices	Current
Flour—		
Very weak.		
American Patent	per sack \$4.30-4.50	
" Straight	3.30-3.70	
" Cut off	3.35-3.60	
Australian No. 1	3.30-4.20	
" Canadian No. 1	3.20-3.30	
" Straight	2.15-3.25	
" Mixture	3.00	
" Best Clear	2.90	

Imports	Prices	Current
Stocks—		
American	500,000 bags	
Canadian	200,000 "	
Australian	20,000 "	
"	720,000 bags	

Imports	Prices	Current
Sundries—		
WINDOW GLASS—		
Fair average size	per box \$6.40	
1 1/8" thick	15.00	

Imports	Prices	Current
CHINA, INDIA AND STRAITS PRODUCE.		
SUGAR—		
JAVA ROUGH WHITE	per picul \$7.15-7.43	
(Reported sales 21,284 piculs. Spot.)		
JAVA FINE WHITE	per picul \$6.83	
(Reported sales 660 piculs. Spot.)		
JAVA ROUGH BROWN	per picul \$6.80-7.18	
(Reported sales 10,084 piculs. Spot.)		
JAVA MOLASSES	per picul \$4.43-5.33	
(Reported sales 24,223 piculs. Spot.)		

Imports	Prices	Current
CHIN CHIN—I agree that the price is rather high, but if the rate is going to be maintained I do not see the need for "rushing out" of your holdings. Better wait for a good rate.		
M.S.S.—Hold on. The latest figures are \$11.15 buyers and \$11.25 sellers. The last dividend was 10 per cent. There should be a revival during the next few months close up.		

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

MONDAY, MAY 5.

Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
\$1,400	\$1,410	...	...
\$109	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
\$890	...	...	...
\$1,180	...	...	...
\$480	\$470	\$465	...
\$355	...	...	...
...	...	\$900	...

Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
\$25 1/2	\$26	...	...
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Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
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Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
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Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
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Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
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Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
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FOREIGN MAILS

RADIO NOTICES.

The Radio Office, where full information concerning all wireless services may be obtained at all times, is situated on the ground floor of the P. & O. Building in Des Vaux Road, next to the General Post Office.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic address at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

The Parcel Post Service to Kwangai with the exception of that to Wuchow, Kweilin and Fung, is temporarily suspended until further notice.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DUE
SAIGON	Genl. Messenger	8th May
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Angers	8th May
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 10th April)	Turkey	8th May
HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Kancho	7th May
SHANGHAI & SWATOW	Singapore	7th May
SHANGHAI & SWATOW	Tokio	7th May
AMOI	Yensung	7th May
CALCUTTA & STRAITS	Emp. of Canada	8th May
CANADA (Vancouver, B.C. 17th April)	Lahore	9th May
U.S.A. HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Khiva	9th May
STRAITS	Tyikarung	11th May
EUROPE via Suix (Letters and papers, London, 10th April, and parcels, 3rd April)	Tyikarung	11th May
AMOI & SHANGHAI	Tyikarung	11th May
NATANG	Tyikarung	11th May
AUSTRALIA & MANILA	Tyikarung	11th May

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

FOR	PER	DATE & TIME
Foochow & Wei Hai Wei via Swatow	Huichow	Tuesday, 6th, 8.30 a.m.

POLICEMAN'S DUTY TO DISOBEY.

WHEN HE SHOULD ARREST AN ENTIRE TOWN COUNCIL.

Mr. Justice McCardie said in the High Court recently that the gravest consequences were raised by a contention in a case before him that a corporation was liable for the acts of its police.

He did not know that there could be found any case in the High Court, or any other court, where a local body had been sued for the acts of its police.

This action was brought by Mr. William Henry Fisher, a timber and forage merchant, of Leyton, E., to recover damages from the Oldham (Lancs.) Corporation for false imprisonment.

Mr. Tristram Bereford, for Mr. Fisher, said the corporation was raising the question whether Mr. Fisher had any right to sue the corporation for the wrongful acts of its police.

Mr. Fisher for six or seven years had been conducting a perfectly honest business at Plaisance (Daisy).

He had been in contact with the police on several occasions, and in April last year was arrested, taken through the streets to Plaisance, and taken to Oldham the next day. He was put up on two separate identification parades, but the identification being unsatisfactory, no charge was made against him.

"He Would be a Traitor."

It was admitted that the borough police were employed, discharged and paid by the Watch Committee on behalf of the Corporation.

Mr. Justice McCardie: Suppose a police officer sees a serious offence committed and decides to arrest the offender; and suppose the Corporation at once pass a resolution that the officer do not arrest. What is the officer to do? If he did not arrest the offender he would be a traitor to his duty and an enemy of the State. Instead of obeying the direction of the Corporation he ought at once to arrest the members of the Corporation who passed the resolution.

If he did that he would be doing no more than his duty. The Corporation would be committing an act in obstruction of public justice, and would be guilty of a criminal offence. The police officer would be under the duty to go to a magistrate and get a warrant and arrest the whole of the Corporation. If he did not do so it would be a very grave breach of duty. It is most desirable that this should be made plain, and if I can make it plain I will.

Judgment was reserved.

"WELCOME BACK" CASTLE.

AN EX-DUKE AND HIS CREDITORS.

The District Court of Kahla, in Thuringia, has ordered the compulsory sale by auction of the castle "Froliche Wiederkunft" ("Welcome Back") belonging to the ex-Duke of Saxe-Altenburg.

This gem of medieval architecture, situated among woods and lakes in the heart of Thuringia, was built by the Elector Johann Friedrich of Saxony, in the middle of the sixteenth century.

When the Elector and his associates were defeated in the war conducted against them because they refused to send representatives to the Council of Trent, Johann Friedrich was taken prisoner by Duke Albrecht, but a sudden political change enabled him to return to his woodland castle, which then obtained the name it still bears.

The unfortunate King George the Fifth of Hanover also took refuge in the castle after being defeated by the Prussians in 1866, and it was here that the so-called Guelph Legion was organised and stationed in France, which led to the confiscation of the property of the Guelph family by Bismarck.

The ex-Duke Saxe-Altenburg has devoted himself, since the Revolution, to scientific research work, but he no longer has the means with which to live in his castle, although it was currently reported that he could do so and keep up the castle on £200 per annum.

The castle is to be sold to the highest bidder for the satisfaction of the ex-Duke's creditors.

FILMS FOR THE COLONIES.

COMMITTEE TO PROMOTE BETTER SUPPLY.

A committee has been set up in London by the Colonial Office to promote the better distribution of British films in the Colonies and to consider how to ensure a supply of British films of a nature calculated to be of educational value to the native races.

The Colonial Films Committee will be under the chairmanship of Mr. H. Speller, M.P., with Sir Charles O'Brien, Major U. P. Ruxman, Mr. R. V. Vernon, and Mr. H. Bischoff, of the Colonial Office; Mrs. Vernon and Mr. O. C. Hutton, of the Department of Overseas Trade; Mr. H. J. Hutchinson, of the Board of Trade; Mr. Anthony Bevir, and Mr. E. Foxen-Cooper, the Government's adviser on films, as members.

VANDERBILT'S YACHT WRECKED.

EXPLOSION ON BOARD IN THE EAST RIVER NEW YORK.

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, April 28.—An explosion to-day aboard Cornelius Vanderbilt's yacht Winchester, in the East River, wrecked the vessel and shook the surrounding buildings.

Sailors on board the craft jumped for safety as flames sprang up in the wake of the explosion and the wreck began to burn fiercely.

Mr. Vanderbilt was not aboard at the time of the disaster.

GAOL RUSE THAT SUCCEEDED.

DARING PRISON ESCAPE IN BERLIN.

An ingenious escape was arranged last month by two inmates of the prison in the Moabit quarter of Berlin.

In the building is a department for mentally deranged prisoners. There, one large cell was occupied by five men classed as comparatively harmless.

Just before midnight, when all was quiet, one of the five removed a thick iron rod from his bed frame.

With it he smashed the ironwork of the window and broke several ribs of the radiator.

Hot water spurted from the radiator and made the other four men roar and scream.

Their terrible din was heard by other mental defectives, and they, too, began to yell and to bang themselves against their cell doors.

A warder was soon on the spot, but one alone is not permitted to enter a cell on this floor. So he sounded the alarm till other officials came.

With some struggling, the man who had wielded the iron bar was placed in a padded cell, and the other prisoners were gradually calmed.

But just then the governor's son, who happened to come home late, reported that a white line was hanging from a window on the second floor.

It was soon learned that a murderer had broken the framework of his window, and let himself down a cord made of his shredded bed linen. With him had gone a thief who had occupied an adjoining cell.

Officials consider it certain that the whole adventure was prearranged, and that the outburst of "madness" by the iron-bar wielder was the signal for the escape of the murderer and his neighbour, who foresaw that, when the alarm was given, the warders in the courtyard would go to help their comrades inside.

No trace of the two fugitives has been found.

WITCH DOCTORS' MYSTERY HYMN.

BADGES FOR MEMBERS AT CONFERENCE.

The law of South Africa has on paper—put the witch doctor out of practice, but this strange product of Darkest Africa still exists in large numbers.

A conference which has been held at Kroonstad, in the Orange Free State, shows that they have a status amongst the natives of which they are extremely jealous.

They made demands (among themselves, of course) for "recognition," and condemned those of their calling who are not members of the African Dingaka (Doctors) Association.

The Green Badge.

The objects of this "association" are to protect the interests of the witch doctors, to secure proper recognition for them, and to encourage educational undertakings on their behalf.

The conference was held in the Ethiopian Church, and each delegate wore a green badge bearing the native words, "Arise and help thyself."

An "anthem," the words of which were known only to the members, was sung.

Mr. Thijs D. Ditchgo, the president, while acknowledging that witch doctors to-day were "known by all kinds of bad names," claimed that they did not practice witchcraft, but merely exercised gifts of healing from God.

Half of a Hare.

Fees, he added, were necessarily high.

Usually, he said, "a fee of 1s. 2d. to 2s. 6d. was charged for 'throwing the bones,' and before any medicine could be given a witch doctor had to charge about £1 for loosening the knot of his medicine bag."

The actual healing fee often amounted to £2. The association is drawing up a scale of charges for the whole union.

Mr. Ditchgo claimed that they were the only people who had been successful in curing fainting fits.

The method adopted by the old doctors, he said, was to "eat alive" a young hare and to pull out some of its hair before setting it free.

The hair, when mixed with herbs and rubbed on the body, was a genuine remedy, and cured the disease.

GRAMOPHONE WEALTH OF CARUSO.

ROYALTY INCOME STILL BEING RECEIVED.

Gloria Caruso, the ten-year-old daughter of the late Enrico Caruso, the famous operatic tenor, has abandoned her claim to two-thirds of her father's fortune.

It is now announced that the decision of the Court of Errors and Appeals, awarding her half the estate, in accordance with Italian law, will not be contested further by her guardians.

The remaining half of the estate will be divided equally between Mme. Caruso, Gloria's mother, the tenor's two sons, Enrico and Rudolph Caruso, and his brother, Giovanni Caruso.

The estate consisted mainly of the interest on the royalties on the gramophone records made by the late tenor. These still have an enormous sale, and only last month a new record was added to the catalogue. It was estimated that the royalties, to be distributed amounted to £200,000.

There has been prolonged litigation, the gramophone companies refusing to accept Italian law as binding.

Her Father's Talent.

Pending a settlement, Gloria Caruso was awarded an income of £2,400 out of the proceeds of the royalties.

Gloria Caruso is stated to be giving every promise of having inherited her father's wonderful vocal powers. Her mother recently stated that the girl was being carefully trained under the best instructors procurable.

Caruso died in Naples in August 1921, after having probably the most spectacular career of any operatic artist. He first appeared at Covent Garden in 1902.

Besides receiving enormous fees for appearing in opera, Caruso was reputed to have made £250,000 from gramophone records alone.

His widow was formerly Miss Benjamin, of New York.

PULPIT ATTACK ON FILMS.

"WRATH OF GOD."

"No Christian should go to the cinema. No truly converted person can sit and watch some of the films that are shown to-day. Any one who does so is not a Christian, even if he has been going to church for forty or fifty years."

The Rev. W. E. Woodham Denham, vicar of Chorley Wood, Herts., used these words at Christ Church recently in a sermon attacking the cinema. The sermon was repeated at another Chorley Wood church in the evening.

"There is a vicious circle flooding the country with pictures of a disgusting nature," said Mr. Denham. "Films depict exaggerated and unreal things which never happen in the normal course of events. It is a terrible thing to put into the minds of the younger generation the ideas which are discussed at length on leaving the cinema."

"Censorship a Farce."

"Conditions are becoming more and more appalling. All over the country the Christian Church is asleep. It is afraid to fight these evils. The censorship is a farce."

"I am not afraid to say these things are wrong and I warn you. God is going to visit His wrath on those who frequent these places. If you want the things of the world, and do not believe there is a God, then go to the cinema."

"Above all, I appeal to the parents not to allow their children to go to the cinema. It is their duty to see that children do not come under the destroying influence of the cinema."

BARONET'S "RAG"

WILFUL DAMAGE AT HIS OLD COLLEGE.

Telling Sir Charles Thomas Mappin, Bart., and Stephen Congdon, a friend, that they had shown themselves to be a couple of "east-iron fools," Colonel F. G. Barker, chairman at Worthingham Police Court, fined each of them £10 and costs for damaging property at Wellington College and the Royal Military College, Sandhurst.

The charges arose out of a "rag" when the pair visited their old school.

After breaking a window at the Wellington Hotel, the men, both of whom are 21, drove off, it was stated, in a drunken condition to the East Berks Golf Course, where they drove over the putting green.

They went on to Wellington College, and, in the grounds, knocked down a number of posts.

Before anyone could prevent them they drove on to Sandhurst and went down the main drive of the Royal Military College at 40 m.p.h., and took two sabres from off the walls of a room.

At the New College, a quarter of a mile away, they broke the glass of the fire alarm.

Sir Charles Mappin said he and Congdon had been celebrating Congdon's return from "South Africa."

Congdon said one thing led to another, and at the time it all seemed very great fun to them.

A charge of theft of the sabres was dismissed.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

Per s.s. Derfflinger on May 3:—Mr. and Mrs. Kirchhoff, Mr. Herbert Reimers, Mr. M. S. J. Walsh, Mr. A. Widmann, Mr. Louis Brugg, Miss U. Chang, Mr. M. Clausen, Miss Marie Dini, Mr. Gutierrez, 1 child and amah, Mr. R. Kwang, Mr. P. J. Lee, Mrs. G. J. Li, Mr. N. L. Li, Master T. G. Li, Miss Anna Logoi, Mr. and Mrs. Wong, Miss L. Ma, Mr. P. Moeller, Mr. A. Romualdez, Mr. P. Stanislaus, Mr. C. Wick.

Per s.s. Saarbrücken on May 4:—Mr. E. Hallor Effersoe, Mrs. Tamara Effersoe, Mr. & Mrs. Kam Tak Khong, Mr. and Mrs. Chung Ah Ming, Mr. and Mrs. Wong Gee Seong, Mr. Che Wang Bin, Mr. F. Stickels, Mrs. An F. Stickels, Mr. E. E. Stickels, Mr. T. Kiley, Mrs. L. Kiley, Miss C. Kiley, Mrs. H. Harrendorf, Sister S. Baj, Rev. C. Braga, Rev. B. Weiss, Rev. W. Jonon, Mr. W. Albers, Mr. G. T. Chungani, Miss A. V. Calderon.

Departures.

Per s.s. Derfflinger on May 3:—Mrs. L. Spitzauer and child, Mrs. D. A. Hess, Mr. and Mrs. Soltan, Master Karl Otto Soltan, Mr. W. Huchfield, Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Chambers, Miss Amanda Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. Lim and 2 children, Mr. A. Cera and child, Mrs. E. W. Hing, Miss G. M. Hing, Master K. J. Hing, Mrs. C. Capara Sibjoersen, Miss L. F. Busck, Mr. N. Lilnam, Mr. C. Woodruff, Mr. H. Cera, Mr. Pedro Galarraga.

Per s.s. Saarbrücken on May 4:—Mr. J. A. Vorner, Mrs. E. Jondreau, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Fonseca, Master Johnny Fonseca, Miss Fonseca, Mr. W. Orlovitz, Mr. Ma Tsiao Hao.

"SOCIALIST" A TERM OF ABUSE?

CO-OPERATOR'S LIBEL ACTION.

Judge Thompson, Recorder of Belfast, last month heard a libel action arising out of differences between prominent members of the Belfast Co-operative Society. The plaintiff was Mrs. Annie Green and the defendant Joseph Crossan. According to the evidence for the plaintiff she was a candidate for the management committee of the society, and before the election last January the defendant wrote a letter to an official of the local Co-operators' Federation referring to her as "a well-known Socialist."

In consequence of that letter, she alleged, she was defeated.

James Crony, secretary to the federation, from membership of which Socialists and Nationalists, he said, were barred, said in cross-examination that he was a "true blue" (the local name for an ultra-Unionist). To call a man a Socialist was, he said, to hold him up to contempt, even if the man was the King's adviser.

Mrs. Green said she was never a Socialist. She had always been told that Socialism was something terrible and therefore she kept away from it.

A Discreet Counsel.

His Honour (to counsel for the plaintiff). Are you not asking me to find it is libellous to call a person a Socialist?

Counsel: Yes.

His Honour: Although none of your witnesses defined what is meant by Socialist.

Counsel: They say that it is a derogatory expression.

His Honour: That it is a term of abuse to call a person a Socialist?

Counsel: Yes.

His Honour: I suppose there is no good in asking you what a Socialist is?

Counsel: Not the slightest. The defendant, giving evidence, said he wrote the letter as he honestly believed that Mrs. Green was a Socialist. He was a Unionist himself and was sorry if he hurt Mrs. Green's feelings by calling her a Socialist.

His Honour reserved judgment.

MOTHER'S S.O.S. FLARES.

DRAMA OF LONELY WELSH ISLET.

The four days' vigil of a heroic mother who lit flares on a lonely island to bring aid to her injured son was rewarded when Reginald Lewis was taken to Pembroke County Hospital.

Lewis and his mother are the only occupants of Ramsey Island. He was gored by an infuriated bull. Ramsey Island is often inaccessible. It is separated from the mainland of Pembrokeshire by a strait a mile wide, and is bounded on all sides by cliffs.

Mrs. Lewis, after attending to her injured son, lighted flares and flares to attract the attention of people on the mainland.

Hours passed into days, yet the boatman never returned.

At last the police-constable at St. David's saw the S.O.S. signals, and organised a boat rescue party.

After a fierce battle with heavy seas Lewis was taken to hospital on the mainland.

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To Manila

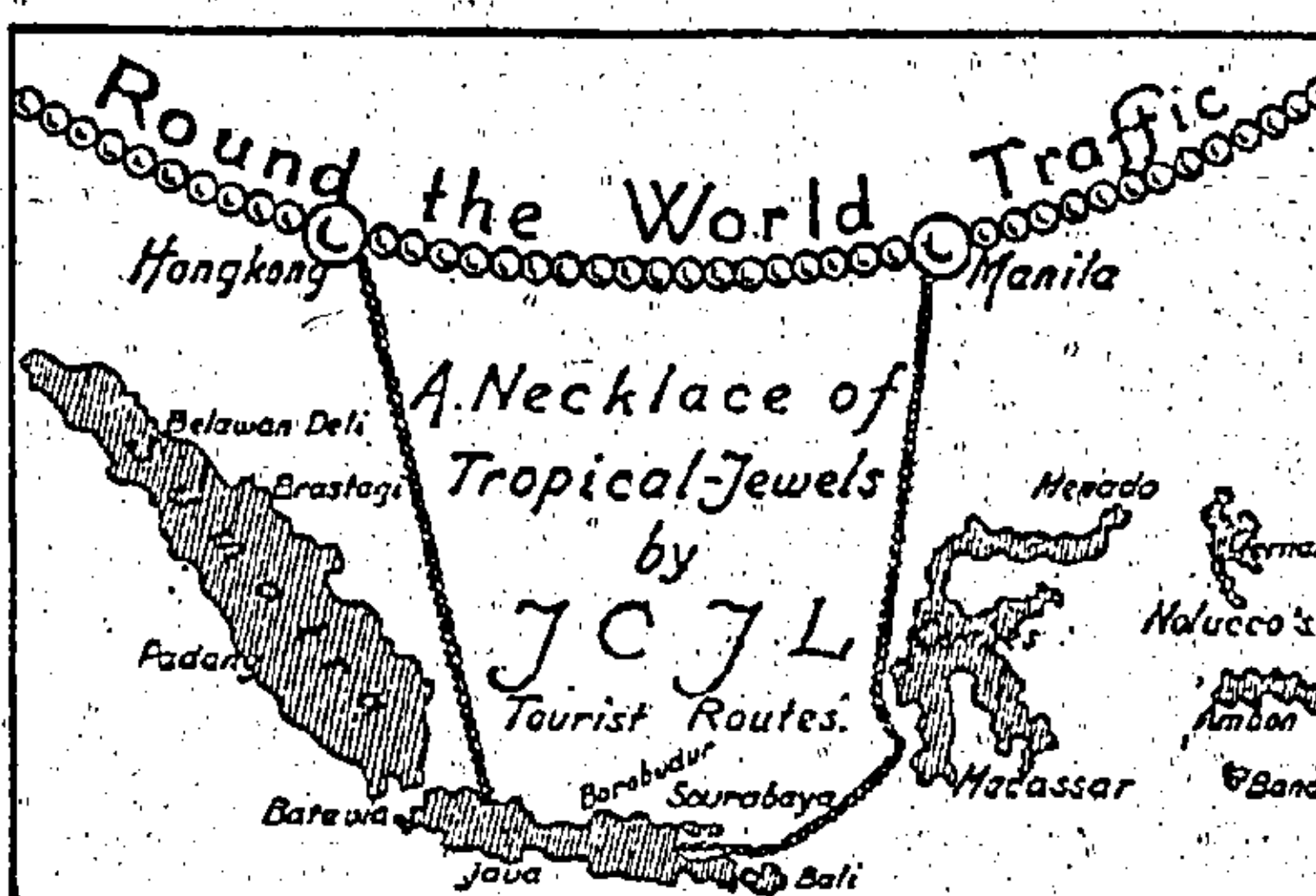
Pres. Pierce ... May 6, 6 p.m. Pres. Taft ... May 20, 6 p.m. Pres. Jackson ... May 10, 6 p.m. Pres. McKinley ... May 24, 6 p.m.

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TJIKARANG	S'HAL & AMOT	11th May	13th May, Noon	MANILA, M'GAR & BORNEA
TJISALAK	AMOT	13th May	20th May, Noon	BATAVIA

NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
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TJIBADAK	BATAVIA	14th May	16th May	AMOT & S'HAL

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M.V. "HAVELLAND" (2)	Genoa, Marseilles, Rotterdam & Hamburg	18 June
M.V. "ERMLAND" (2)	Genoa, Dunkirk, Rotterdam & Hamburg	4 July

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ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

VESSEL.	FROM	DUE HONG KONG.
S.S. "HINDENBURG" (3)	Genoa, Marseilles, Barcelona, Dunkirk, Rotterdam & Hamburg	17 May
M.V. "HAVELLAND" (2)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	17 May
M.V. "ERMLAND" (2)	Genoa, Dunkirk, Rotterdam & Hamburg	27 May
M.V. "BURGENLAND" (1)	Genoa, Marseilles, Rotterdam & Hamburg	7 June

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CONSIGNEE NOTICES

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.

AMCOY.

Taiyuan, B. & S., May 7.
Haiching, Douglas, May 9.
Yuenang, Jardine's, May 9.
Anking, B. & S., May 11.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 12.
Haiyang, Douglas, May 13.
Talamba, B.I., May 13.
Tainan, B. & S., May 14.
Tjihadak, J.C.J.L., May 15.
Kumsang, Jardine's, May 17.
Antung, B. & S., May 18.
Takada, B.I., May 20.

ANTWERP.

Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.
Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Perseus, B.F., May 28.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Japan, Gilman's, June 5.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Taiiping, B. & S., May 20.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.

BALTIC PORTS.

Malaya, Manners, May 15.

BALTIMORE.

Lindenbank, Bank, May 9.

BANGKOK.

Hiram, Thoresen, May 11.
Kalgan, B. & S., May 11.
Hellas, Thoresen, May 18.
Kiangsu, B. & S., May 18.
Helios, Thoresen, May 25.

BELAWAN DELL.

Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., May 8.

BOMBAY.

Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., May 21.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., May 27.

BOSTON.

Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.
Lindenbank, Bank, May 9.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Tainan, B. & S., May 18.
Royal Prince, Furness, May 22.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

BREMER.

Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Pfalz, Melchers, May 27.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.

BRINDISI.

Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.

CALCUTTA.

Kutsang, Jardine's, May 8.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., May 9.
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Hosang, Jardine's, May 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, May 17.
Tilawa, B.I., May 24.
Talamba, B.I., June 6.

CEBU.

California, S.S.S., May 16.
Tacoma, S.S.S., May 21.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., May 6.
Kueichow, B. & S., May 20.

COLOMBO.

Angers, M.M., May 6.
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.
Kidderpore, P. & O., May 21.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Khyber, P. & O., May 31.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.
Glenferr, Jardine's, June 4.

COOPENHAGEN.

Malaya, Manners, May 15.

DALNY.

Luchow, B. & S., May 5.
Linan, B. & S., May 12.

DUTCH PORTS.

City of Norwich, Bank, May 7.
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 9.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Perseus, B.F., May 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Glenferr, Jardine's, June 4.
Japan, Gilman's, June 5.

FOOCHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., May 6.
Haiching, Douglas, May 9.
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 11.
Haiyang, Douglas, May 13.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, May 20.
Kueichow, B. & S., May 20.

GENOA.

Takao Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Idomeneus, B.F., May 23.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.

GLASGOW.

Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Idomeneus, B.F., May 23.

GOTTEBURG.

Malaya, Manners, May 19.

HAIKONG AND HOIHOW.

Tonkin, M.M., May 6.
Canton, M.M., May 9.
Kanchow, B. & S., May 9.

HAMBURG.

City of Norwich, Bank, May 7.
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 9.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Perseus, B.F., May 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Glenferr, Jardine's, June 4.
Japan, Gilman's, June 5.

HAWAII.

City of Norwich, Bank, May 7.
Idomeneus, B.F., May 23.

HONGKONG.

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.

HONOLULU.

Lindenbank, Bank, May 9.
California, S.S.S., May 16.
Tacoma, S.S.S., May 21.

JAPAN PORTS.

General Metzinger, M.M., May 6.
Muranon Maru, N.Y.K., May 6.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 8.
Nagura, Gilman's, May 7.
Shizuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 7.
Glenferr, Jardine's, May 9.
Hindenburg, Jebson, May 9.
Yuenang, Jardine's, May 9.
Khiva, P. & O., May 10.
Labore, P. & O., May 10.
Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.
Phenias, B.F., May 12.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.
Talamba, B.I., May 13.
Alipore, P. & O., May 14.
Ramakura Maru, May 14.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.
Achilles, B.F., May 17.
Aller, Melchers, May 17.
Havelland, Jebson, May 17.
Kuma, E. & A., May 17.
Tainan, B. & S., May 18.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Andre Lebon, M.M., May 20.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.
Takada, B.I., May 20.
Glenogle, Jardine's, May 23.
Danmark, Manners, May 23.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 27.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.
Protestilus, B.F., May 29.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.
Hilda, Dodwell's, June 1.
Panama, Manners, June 3.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., June 3.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., June 4.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 4.

JAVAI PORTS.

Tjilboet, J.C.J.L., May 6.
Tjikalang, J.C.J.L., May 13.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 20.
Ninghai, B. & S., May 6.

KEBAO.

Ninghai, B. & S., May 6.

LIVERPOOL.

Takao Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.
Kidderpore, P. & O., May 21.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Khyber, P. & O., May 31.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.
Glenferr, Jardine's, June 4.

LONDON.

City of Norwich, Bank, May 7.
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 8.
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 9.
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 15.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.
Kidderpore, P. & O., May 21.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Khyber, P. & O., May 31.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.
Glenferr, Jardine's, June 4.

LOS ANGELES.

Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., June 3.

MANILA.

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 6.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 8.
Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 10.
Tjikalang, J.C.J.L., May 13.
California, S.S.S., May 16.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 20.
Taiiping, B. & S., May 20.
Tacoma, S.S.S., May 21.
Royal Prince, Furness, May 22.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 24.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., May 27.
Ammon, Jebson, May 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., June 2.
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

MARSEILLES.

Angers, M.M., May 6.
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.
Takao Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Perseus, B.F., May 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, May 27.
Khyber, P. & O., May 31.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., May 31.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 1.

MELBOURNE.

Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.
Lindenbank, Bank, May 9.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.
Lindenbank, Bank, May 9.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.

NEWCHWANG.

Linan, B. & S., May 12.

OSLO.

Malaya, Manners, May 15.

PANAMA.

Heiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.

PENANG.

Kutsang, Jardine's, May 8.
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 8.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., May 8.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., May 9.
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.

PORTLAND.

Belivier, Bank, May 13.
Illinois, S.S.S., May 24.

RABAU.

Bremerhaven, Melchers, about June 1.

RANGOON.

Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., May 9.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.

SAIGON.

Angers, M.M., May 6.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.

SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, May 15.
Hinsang, Jardine's, May 23.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.
Everett, S.S.S., May 10.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., June 3.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Japan, Gilman's, June 5.

SEATTLE.

Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.
Bolivier, Bank, May 13.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 27.
Protestilus, B.F., May 29.

SHANGHAI.

General Metzinger, M.M., May 6.
Muranon Maru, N.Y.K., May 6.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.
Shantung, B. & S., May 6.
Nagura, Gilman's, May 7.
Shizuka Maru, N.Y.K., May 7.
Taiyuan, B. & S., May 7.
Yatshing, Jardine's, May 7.
Hindenburg, Jebson, May 9.
Yuenang, Jardine's, May 9.
Lahore, P. & O., May 10.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, May 11.
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 11.

SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.
Linan, B. & S., May 12.
Phenias, B.F., May 12.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.
Szechuen, B. & S., May 13.
Alipore, P. & O., May 14.
Chaksang, Jardine's, May 14.
Tainan, B. & S., May 14.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.
Tjihadak, J.C.J.L., May 15.
Yusang, Jardine's, May 16.
Achilles, B.F., May 17.
Aller, Melchers, May 17.
Havelland, Jebson, May 17.
Kumsang, Jardine's, May 17.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 18.
Tiangang, Dwell's, May 18.
Andre Lebon, M.M., May 20.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.
Takada, B.I., May 20.
Glenogle, Jardine's, May 23.
Kt. Companion, B.F., May 23.
Danmark, Manners, May 23.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 27.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.
Hilda, Dodwell's, June 1.
Panama, Manners, June 3.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., June 3.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 4.
Emp. of Russia C.P.S., June 4.

SINGAPORE.

Angers, M.M., May 6.
Kutsang, Jardine's, May 8.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., May 8.
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 8.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., May 9.
City of Pekin, Bank, May 9.
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 9.
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.
Anking, B. & S., May 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 15.
Hosang, Jardine's, May 15.
Malaya, Manners, May 15.
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 16.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.
Saarland, Jebson, May 17.
Antung, B. & S., May 18.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.
Suisang, Jardine's, May 18.
Sphinx, M.M., May 20.
Kidderpore, P. & O., May 21.
Idomeneus, B.F., May 23.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.
Mantua, P. & O., May 24.
Tilawa, B.I., May 24.
Isar, Melchers, May 25.
Perseus, B.F., May 28.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 2.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 2.

SWATOW.

Huichow, B. & S., May 6.
Shantung, B. & S., May 6.
Yatshing, Jardine's, May 7.
Haiching, Dou, May 9.
Anking, B. & S., May 11.
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 11.
Hiran, Thoresen, May 11.
Kalgan, B. & S., May 11.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, May 11.
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 11.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 12.
Haiyang, Douglas, May 13.
Szechuen, B. & S., May 13.
Chaksang, Jardine's, May 14.
Antung, B. & S., May 18.
Hellas, Thoresen, May 18.
Kiangsu, B. & S., May 18.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 18.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, May 20.
Kueichow, B. & S., May 20.
Helios, Thoresen, May 25.

TIENTSIN.

Huichow, B. & S., May 6.
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 11.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, May 20.
Kueichow, B. & S., May 20.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, May 24.

TINGTAO.

Shantung, B. & S., May 6.
Yatshing, Jardine's, May 7.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, May 11.
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 11.
Szechuen, B. & S., May 13.
Chaksang, Jardine's, May 14.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 18.

VANCOUVER, B.O.

Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.
Bolivier, Bank, May 13.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.
Protestilus, B.F., May 29.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., June 4.

VICTORIA, B.O.

Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 27.
Protestilus, B.F., May 29.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., June 4.

VLADIVOSTOK.

Nagura, Gilman's, May 7.
Glenferr, Jardine's, May 9.
Glenogle, Jardine's, May 23.

WEIHAIWEI.

Huichow, B. & S., May 6.
Kueichow, B. & S., May 20.

Achilles due from Europe May 16.

Alipore due from Europe May 16.
Aller due from Europe May 17.

Ammon due from Japan May 30.
Andre Lebon due from Europe May 20.

Angers due from Shanghai May 6.
Anyo Maru due from Japan May 18.

Benmohr arrived from Europe May 5.
Tjihadak, J.C.J.L., May 31.

Bolivier due from New York May 13.
Bonneville due from Europe May 12.

Bremerhaven due from Rabaul May 24.
Burgeland due from Europe June 7.

Change due from Australia June 10.
Chichibu Maru due from Japan May 20.

City of Corinth due from Europe May 8.
City of Madras due from Europe June 5.

Coblentz due from Europe June 4.
Comliebank due from New York May 6.

Danmark due from Europe May 22.
Demodocus due from Europe May 29.

Emp. of Canada due from Shanghai May 8.
Ermland due from Europe May 27.

Fusiyama due from Karachi May 17.
General Metzinger due from Saigon May 6.

Glenferr arrived from Europe May 5.
Glenogle due from Europe May 22.

Glenegane due from Europe June 8.
Hakone Maru arrived from Japan May 4.

CHINA NAVIGATION

COMPANY, LIMITED.

KEAO	"NINGHAI"	On 6th May.	Daylight
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 6th May.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WHANGHAI	"HUICHOW"	On 6th May.	11 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 7th May.	5 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & HAIPHONG	"KANOHOW"	On 10th May.	11 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 11th May.	6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 11th May.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & DALNI	"KALAN"	On 12th May.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 13th May.	10 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TSINAN"	On 14th May.	5 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 18th May.	6 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KIANGSU"	On 18th May.	2 p.m.
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WHANGHAI	"KUEICHOW"	On 20th May.	11 a.m.

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CHANGTE	15th June	17th June
TAIPING	11th July	18th July
CHANGTE	8th August	15th August

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M.S. "Java"	1st July	10th Aug.
M.S. "Asia"	1st August	10th Sept.
M.S. "Afrika"	10th August	20th Sept.

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[4]

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SPHINX	20th May	ANDER LEBON	20th May
G. METZINGER	3rd June	PORTHOUS	3rd June
ANDER LEBON	17th June	CHENONCEAUX	17th June
PORTHOUS	1st July	ATHOS II	1st July
CHENONCEAUX	15th July	D'ARTAGNAN	15th July
ATHOS II	29th July	ANGERS	29th July
D'ARTAGNAN	12th Aug.	SPHINX	12th Aug.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

MAY 4, 1930.													MAY 5, 1930.												
STATION	Hour	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		THERMISTERS	Humidity	WIND			Waves (Height)	Hour	Hour	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		THERMISTERS	Humidity	WIND			Waves (Height)						
		Inches	Milim.			Direction	Force	Force				Inches	Milim.			Direction	Force	Force							
Wladivostok	12	30.04	763.1	63	...	NE	1	c	6	30.14	765.6	44	...	SE	1	o	...	...	...	1	o				
Nemuro	11	30.00	762.0	...	...	NE	2	...	5	30.26	768.5	...	...	NE	1	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Hokodate	...	29.98	761.5	...	...	SSW	5	...	...	30.18	766.5	...	...	E	...	...	...	...	...	0	...				
Tokio	...	30.12	765.0	...	...	ESE	1	...	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Kochi	...	30.14	765.5	...	...	SW	1	...	...	29.86	768.5	...	...	SW	1	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Nagasaki	...	30.00	762.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.86	768.5	...	...	SSW	1	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Kagoshima	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	S	1	...	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	NW	1	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Oshima	...	30.02	762.5	...	...	SSE	1	...	...	29.94	760.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	...				
Naha	...	30.00	762.0	...	...	S	3	...	...	29.96	761.0	...	...	SSW	2	...	...	...	...	2	...				
Ishigakijima	...	29.98	761.5	...	...	S	2	...	...	29.94	760.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Bonin Island	...	30.10	764.5	...	...	E	1	...	...	30.08	764.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	...	...	1	...				
Chefoo	15	29.81	757.3	53	100	SE	1	r	6	29.85	758.2	50	93	NNE	4	o	...	...	...	2	o				
Shanghai	14	29.75	755.7	75	67	WSW	6	o	...	29.95	760.8	63	90	WNW	4	o	...	...	...	4	o				
Gutzlaff	...	29.80	758.9	67	91	SW	4	b	...	30.00	762.0	64	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Kamen	...	29.84	767.8	70	91	SSW	4	b	6	29.94	760.5	66	98	SE	1	o	...	...	...	1	o				
Sharp Peak	...	29.85	758.2	78	91	S	2	b	...	29.94	760.5	66	91	SW	1	o	...	...	...	1	o				
Amoy	...	29.88	757.7	82	88	SE	4	b	...	29.88	758.9	75	95	W	1	o	...	...	...	1	o				
Swatow	11	29.79	756.6	84	84	S	1	b	5	29.86	758.4	78	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Taihouku	...	29.92	759.9	88	65	...	0	o	...	29.95	760.8	78	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Taiichu	...	29.93	760.2	90	...	S	2	b	...	29.94	760.5	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Tainan	...	29.91	759.6	93	...	SSW	4	b	...	29.91	759.6	77	...	SE	0	o	...	...	...	2	o				
Koshun	...	29.93	759.9	96	...	ESE	2	b	...	29.91	759.6	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Pescadores	14	29.91	759.6	86	...	S	4	b	6	29.91	759.6	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Hong Kong	...	29.85	758.2	87	65	SW	2	c	...	29.91	759.7	77	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Gap Rock	...	29.88	759.0	82	...	SE	4	b	...	29.92	759.9	81	...	S	3	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Macao	...	29.84	757.8	93	...	SSW	2	o	...	29.89	759.3	77	98	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Hoihow	...	29.74	755.4	93	60	S	1	c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Pratas Island	15	29.86	758.4	89	69	NW	1	b	7	29.87	758.7	77	98	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Phulien	...	29.82	757.5	84	81	S	4	o	...	29.87	758.7	77	...	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Tourane	...	29.76	756.0	84	...	SE	4	b	...	29.84	757.8	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	o				
Cape St. James	14	29.81	757.2	88	...	ENE	4	o	6	29.85	768.1	77	...	NE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Basco	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Apurri	...	29.81	757.2	90	68	NNE	4	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Tuguegarao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Vigan	...	29.78	756.3	90	60	E	...	...	29.85	756.1	79	80	ESR	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Manila	...	29.80	756.9	90	55	E	4	o	...	29.86	758.4	79	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	o				
Legaspi	...	29.82	757.5	81	89	NE	2	o	...	29.85	758.1	79	92	NE	2	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Tacloban	...	29.81	757.2	79	87	SE	4	o	...	29.85	758.1	77	91	NW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Iloilo	...	29.75	755.7	90	60	NE	6	o	...	29.81	757.2	79	89	NNE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Cebu	...	29.76	756.0	86	61	NE	4	o	...	29.81	757.2	77	96	N	1	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Surigao	...	29.82	757.5	79	91	ESE	4	r	5	29.81	757.2	77	74	S	1	o	...	...	...	...	...				
Saipan	12.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Gnam	11.00	29.82	757.5	...	...	E	4	b	5	29.84	757.8	...	...	ENE	4	r	...	...	...	...	...				
Yap	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	ENE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Labuan	14	29.81	757.2	80	66	SW	4	b	6	29.83	757.7	77	95	SE	8	o	...	...	...	...	...				

May 5d. 10A. 50m.—The Chinese depression has moved to the S.W. of Korea. Th depression over Indo-China appears to be filling up. An anticyclone is forming over N. China. Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 1934 inches, against an average of 12.83 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON MAY 6.

District	Forecast
1.—Formosa Channel	Moderate southerly or variable winds at first, moderate easterly winds later; fair at first, some rain later.
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamocks	
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock	
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan	

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, May 5.

Hong Kong Observatory, May 5.			
	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer...	29.82	29.95	29.85
Temperature	81	85	81
Humidity...	66	72	69
Wind—			
Direction	SSW	W	W
Force ...	2	1	1
Weather ...	B	C	C
Sea ...	0.19	0.0	0.0

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Empress of Russia	June 4th
Empress of Asia	June 25th

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TAYO MARU ... Sunday, 11th May
CHICHIBU MARU ... Thursday, 29th May

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.
MISHIMA MARU ... Friday, 27th June
SIBERIA MARU ... Saturday, 5th July

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,
via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
HAKONE MARU ... Saturday, 17th May
SUWA MARU ... Saturday, 31st May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
KAGA MARU ... Tuesday, 30th May
TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 24th June

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
TAMBA MARU ... Sunday, 11th May
CALCUTTA MARU ... Tuesday, 27th May

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,
Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
ANYO MARU ... Sunday, 1st June

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape
Town & Ports.
IYO MARU ... Monday, 2nd June

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.
ASUKA MARU ... Thursday, 15th May

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople),
Genoa & Marseilles.
TOYOOKA MARU ... Thursday, 16th May
CALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Bangkok.
BENGAL MARU ... Friday, 9th May
CEYLON MARU ... Thursday, 15th May

HANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
MURORAN MARU (Mojito direct) ... Tuesday, 6th May
SHIZUKA MARU ... Wednesday, 7th May
HAKOZAKI MARU ... Monday, 13th May
KAKAKURA MARU (omit S'hai) ... Wednesday, 14th May

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NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

Ship	For	Day
S.S. "VENEZIA"	Shanghai & Japan	8th May
M.V. "HIMALAYA"	Shanghai & Japan	15th May
M.V. "VIMINALE"	Shanghai & Japan	8th June
M.V. "FUSIYAMA"	Shanghai & Japan	17th May

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Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 4,600 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO 8,100 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:—

British	Cargo	Through
Kwong Sang	800	700
Shanghai	—	—
Shantung	—	385
Canton	—	—
Taiyuan	150	100
Amoy	—	—
Tijlboet	—	198
Amoy	—	—
Sibigo	—	—
Samarinda	800	1,000
Norwegian	—	—
Kronvik	—	—
Ningpo	1,519	—
Hubro	—	—
Bangkok	1,000	—
Japanese	—	—
Seattle Maru	—	—
Moji	315	4,244
Hakata Maru	—	—
Moji	32	1,532
Total	4,616	8,169

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:—

British	Arr.	Dep.
Dutch	4	6
Dutch	—	0
Norwegian	2	1
Japanese	2	2
German	0	1
Chinese	0	2
American	0	1
Total	10	14

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Kwong Sang (Br.) Shanghai.	6
Swatow	—
Shantung (Br.) Canton	101
Taiyuan (Br.) Shanghai	—
Amoy	157
Tijlboet (Br.) Amoy	248
Kronvik (Nor.) Ningpo	2
Hubro (Nor.) Bangkok	10
Hakata Maru (Jap.) Yokohama, Moji	933
Total	1,455

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in port yesterday:—

Basin—Tamar, Seamew, Somme, North Arm—S'cloud, Thracian, Foreign Men of War—U.S. gunboat Helena and transport Henderson, French gunboat Argus, Portuguese gunboat Adamastor.

WITHIN CALL.

The following ships were expected to be in wireless communication with Hong Kong yesterday:—Toyo Maru, Hangsaw, Hengsaw, Ningpo, Mexico Maru, Melbourne Maru, Suiyang, Hoxun Maru, Sumatra Maru, Saarbrücken, and Selene.

THE S.S. MABELLA.

PAYS HER FIRST VISIT TO THIS PORT.

The s.s. Mabella (Norwegian) paid her first visit to this port when she arrived from Saigon and Kohsi-chang on Sunday morning. She carried 2,600 tons of rice for this port, and has a crew of eight Norwegians and 44 Asiatics. The vessel is commanded by Captain A. Svendsen.

Owned by Karl Brugsard, for whom Wing Fong Hung Co. are the local agents, the Mabella is a steel screw steamer of 1,514 gross tonnage and 340 nett tonnage. She was built in Elbing in 1926 by F. Schichau, having a length of 261.7 feet, a beam of 40.1 feet and a depth of 15.6 feet. Her engines, which were installed by the builders, develop 142 N.H.P. Her port of registry was Drammen.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

Per s.s. President Madison from Manila on May 4:—For Hong Kong: Miss T. Acosta, Miss Lourdes Arcinas, Mr. and Mrs. Alex O. Bagrie, Mr. William Brew, Mr. G. C. Cole, Mr. Frank Deikoff, Miss D. G. Diaz, Miss Eugenie Ekins, Miss E. Freidlander, Miss A. Gacer, Miss G. Gacer, Master Paquito Gacer, Mr. Basilio Gacer, Mr. Espidito Gacer, Mrs. Lolita Gregory, Master Robert Gregory, Miss Dolores Gregory, Mrs. C. Hierro, Miss Laura Hierro, Miss Aurora Hierro, Mr. P. Hierro, Miss Angela Hierro, Master Antonio Hierro, Mr. N. Ibarra, Mr. Jung Kwack, Miss Margaret Keating, Mrs. W. A. Kinney, Miss Lim Chin Eng, Mr. W. L. Marshall, Mr. Juan Martinez, Mrs. E. Morrison, Master Robert Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. S. Penillosa, Mrs. Rani Pursell, Mr. S. G. Reyes, Mrs. D. T. Smith, Mrs. N. B. Small, Mrs. F. Stenbaker, Mr. C. Thwaites, Mrs. J. Redfield Voss, Mr. J. T. Waterhouse, Miss S. Weisbacher, Mr. E. P. Williams, Miss Harriett Wolf, Mr. Wong Sai, Mr. Yu Tam, Mr. T. Zumbator, Mr. Roman Zafra.

Per s.s. President Pierce from Shanghai on May 5:—For Hong Kong: Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Boutrous, Mr. V. G. Bowden, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Gillespie, Mrs. A. G. Grantham, Mr. Huang Chu So, Rev. A. R. Kepler, Mr. Lo Yuen Hsin, Mr. M. Manuk, Mr. F. A. Merry, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Odell, Mr. Sa Chin Lin, Mrs. W. R. Scott, Mr. Shan Yuen Chow, Mr. Y. H. Tong, Mr. Yu Tai Kok, Mr. Wan Hok Hai, Mr. J. Watson, Mr. Wong Ping, Mr. Wong Vei Sing.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following vessels were in harbour yesterday:—

Wharves—Kowloon: Seattle Maru, Pres. Madison, Hakata Maru, Saarbrücken; A.P.C.—Taikoktut; Selene; A.P.C.—North Point; Sumatra; Socony—Laichikok; Golden Peak.

Docks—Kowloon: Erstrand, Mao Lee, Tin Yat, Lustee, Yei Maru, Rizal; Taikok: Kaimila, Luchow, Nanning, Chenan, Charles Hardoun, Paul Benu.

Buoys—A. Tijlboet, A2 Van Heutsz, A3 Hakata Maru, B2 Shantung, B11 Kalzan, B12 Taiyuan, B13 Luchow, C13 Haining, C16 Huichow, C17 Pong Tong, B24 Forthbank, B32 Yatshing, C33 Chipshing, C35 Yei Jun Maru, C37 Sunkong, B38 Tonkin, C39 Hall-dor, C40 Tai Fook Sing, C41 Mabella, C42 Hubro, C47 Ningchow, C48 Kaipora, C49 Saga Maru, B51 Sikai Maru, B54 Merko Maru.

ARRIVALS.

May 4.

Benmohr, British str., 5,910 tons, Capt. G. McMillan, from London, Kowloon Wharf—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
Gileboet, Dutch str., 3,638 tons, Capt. J. Naerebout, from Amoy, buoy No. A1.—J.C.J.L.
Kronvik, Norwegian str., 2,363 tons, Capt. A. Werild, from Ningpo, Yaumati.—J.C.J.L.
Seattle Maru, Japanese str., 5,552 tons, Capt. S. Urayama, from Moji, Kowloon Wharf.—O.S.K.

May 5.

Hiram, Norwegian str., 1,100 tons, Capt. I. Elissen, from Swatow, buoy No. C43.—Thoresen & Co.
Honolulu Maru, Japanese str., 5,750 tons, Capt. S. Matsuda, from Moji, Kowloon Wharf.—O.S.K.
Hubro, Norwegian str., 1,030 tons, Capt. H. Hagen, from Bangkok, buoy No. C42.—K. Larsen & Co.
Kathe, German str., 906 tons, Capt. H. Frandsen, from Canton, Tai-ko Dock.—Jensen & Co.
Kiung Chow, British str., 1,545 tons, Capt. C. Stringer, from Bangkok, buoy No. C38.—B. & S.
Melbourne Maru, Japanese str., 5,437 tons, Capt. T. Accasawa, from Moji, Kowloon Wharf.—Order.

Ninghai, British str., 1,428 tons, Capt. W. Poplow, from Canton, buoy No. B47.—B. & S.
President Pierce, American str., 8,393 tons, Capt. Henry Nelson, from Los Angeles and way ports.—Robert Dollar Co.

Shantung, British str., 1,588 tons, Capt. W. T. Hodge, from Canton, buoy No. B9.—B. & S.
Sibigo, Dutch str., 941 tons, Capt. W. Joziasse, from Samarinda, Taumata.—J.C.J.L.

Tai Yuan, British str., 2,109 tons, Capt. R. Robertson, from Amoy, buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

CLEARANCES.

May 5.

Anhui, for Pass. Thro.
Benmohr, for Shanghai.
Golden Peak, for Saigon.
Gorthbank, for Belawan Deli.
Hakata Maru, for Singapore.
Honolulu Maru, for Singapore.
Hydrangan, for Swatow.
Luchow, for Foochow.
Melbourne Maru, for Manila.
Ninghai, for Kobao.
Pres. Madison, for Shanghai.
Seattle Maru, for Singapore.
Shantung, for Swatow.
Sibigo, for Canton.
Tai Yuan, for Canton.
Tijlboet, for Muntok.
Tonkin, for K. C. Wan.

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"KASHGAR"	9,005	10th May, Noon	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"NAGPORE"	5,333	17th May (Mars)	L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"KIDDERPORE"	5,331	21st May	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"MANTUA"	10,945	24th May	Bombay, Mars, & London
"KHYBER"	9,114	31st May (Mars)	L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"KHIVA"	9,135	7th June	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"ALIPORE"	9,135	15th June	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KANTURA"	10,801	21st June	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"LABORE"	5,304	28th June (Mars)	L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"KARMALA"	9,128	5th July	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"MOREA"	10,954	19th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"JEYPORE"	9,318	26th July (Mars)	L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd Aug.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'm, & A'warp
"RAJPUTANA"	10,958	18th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHMIR"	9,885	30th Aug.	Marseilles, L'don, B'm, & A'warp
"MANTUA"	10,946	13th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	9,005	27th Sept.	Marseilles, L'don, B'm, & A'warp
"MALWA"	10,880	11th Oct.	Marseilles & London
"KHYBER"	9,114	25th Oct.	Marseilles, L'don, B'm, & A'warp
"MOREA"	10,954	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"MACDONIA"	11,120	22nd Nov.	do.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	6th Dec.	do.

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BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Ship	Tons	Day	Destination
"TAKLIWA"	7,936	9th May	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TILAWA"	10,008	24th May	do.
"TALAMBA"	9,018	6th June	do.
"TAKADA"	9,849	11th June	do.
"TALMA"	10,900	22nd June	do.

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EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Ship	Tons	Day	Destination
"TANDA"	6,556	7th June	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th July	Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne
"NELLGORE"	6,853	27th Aug.	do.

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The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Ship	Tons	Day	Destination
"LAHORE"	5,304	10th May, D.L.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KHIVA"	9,135	10th May, Noon	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALAMBA"	9,018	13th May	S'hai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
"ALIPORE"	9,135	14th May	S'hai, Moji, Kobe
"TANDA"	6,556	17th May	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
"TAKADA"	9,849	20th May	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"RAJPUTANA"	10,958	23rd May	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama
"JEYPORE"	9,318	1st June	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	10,900	1st June	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"KARMALA"	9,128	6th June	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MOREA"	10,954	20th June	do.
"KALYAN"	9,144	4th July	do.
"RAJPUTANA"	10,958	18th July	Shanghai, Kobe & Y'hama
"KASHMIR"	9,885	1st Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MANTUA"	10,946	15th Aug.	do.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	29th Aug.	do.
"MALWA"	10,880	12th Sept.	do.
"KHYBER"	9,114	26th Sept.	do.
"MOREA"	10,954	10th Oct.	do.
"MACDONIA"	11,120	24th Oct.	do.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	7th Nov.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama
"KALYAN"	9,144	22nd Nov.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"BANCHI"	16,550	5th Dec.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama
"KASHMIR"	9,885	20th Dec.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Y'hama

* Cargo only. * Calls at Tsingtau and Wei-hai-wei.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

